Abbott Laboratories - Climate Change 2023



C0. Introduction

C_{0.1}

(C0.1) Give a general description and introduction to your organization.

Abbott is a global company with a straightforward purpose: We help people live healthier, fuller lives through our life-changing technologies and products. Since 1888, our business has brought new products to market for 135 years, creating more possibilities for more people at all stages of life. We create breakthrough products – in diagnostics, medical devices, nutrition products and medicines for emerging markets – that help you, your family and your community lead healthier lives, full of unlimited possibilities. Today, about 115,000 of us are working to make a lasting impact on health in the more than 160 countries we serve.

At Abbott, sustainability means managing our company to deliver long-term impact for the people we serve – shaping the future of healthcare and helping the greatest number of people live better and healthier. Abbott's 2030 Sustainability Plan has a clear focus on designing access and affordability into our life-changing technologies and products to reach more people, in more places than ever before. Our 2030 plan also includes targeted actions to create the workforce of tomorrow, use data responsibly to advance care, strengthen our supply chain to ensure it's diverse and resilient, and protect a healthy environment.

The boundary of our reporting, unless otherwise noted, is all activities under Abbott's global, operational control, as consolidated in our financial reporting. All environmental data has been adjusted to account for acquisitions and divestitures, in accordance with the methodology prescribed in the World Resources Institute/World Business Council for Sustainable Development (WRI/WBCSD) Greenhouse Gas Protocol (GHGP). We report data from acquisitions as soon as is practical.

C0.2

(C0.2) State the start and end date of the year for which you are reporting data and indicate whether you will be providing emissions data for past reporting years.

Reporting year

Start date

January 1 2022

End date

December 31 2022

Indicate if you are providing emissions data for past reporting years

Yes

Select the number of past reporting years you will be providing Scope 1 emissions data for

3 years

Select the number of past reporting years you will be providing Scope 2 emissions data for

3 years

Select the number of past reporting years you will be providing Scope 3 emissions data for

Not providing past emissions data for Scope 3

C0.3

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| (C0.3) Select the countries/areas in which you operate. | |
|--|--|
| Argentina Belgium | |
| Brazil | |
| Canada | |
| Chile China | |
| Colombia | |
| Costa Rica | |
| Germany | |
| India Indonesia | |
| Ireland | |
| Japan | |
| Malaysia | |
| Mexico | |
| Netherlands Norway | |
| Pakistan | |
| Peru | |
| Puerto Rico | |
| Republic of Korea Russian Federation | |
| Singapore | |
| Spain | |
| Switzerland | |
| United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland | |
| United States of America Viet Nam | |
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| USD | |
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(C1.1a) Identify the position(s) (do not include any names) of the individual(s) on the board with responsibility for climate-related issues.

| Position of individual or committee | Responsibilities for climate-related issues |
|---|---|
| | The Board of Directors and its committees have oversight over Abbott's environment, social and governance practices. The Board has regular discussions with management on various sustainability matters, including protecting our climate and water. |
| | The Board of Directors' Public Policy Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibility with respect to various matters, including Abbott's sustainability and social responsibility policies and practices, as well as environmental trends and public policy issues that affect or could affect Abbott's business activities, performance, and public image. The Public Policy Committee Charter, which details the Committee's authority and responsibilities, is at http://dam.abbott.com/en-us/documents/pdfs/investors/public-policy-committee-charter-672018.pdf |
| | In addition, the Board of Directors has risk oversight responsibility for Abbott, which it administers directly and with assistance from its committees. The Board exercises risk oversight by focusing on areas of high priority identified, including Abbott's sustainability, environmental, and social responsibility practices. Throughout the year, the Board and its committees engage with management to discuss a wide range of enterprise risks and they verify the alignment of risk assessment and mitigation with business strategy. The Board of Director's Audit Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibility with respect to various matters, including enterprise risk management, which includes consideration of major financial and business risk exposures to Abbott. The Audit Committee conducts an annual review of the enterprise risk management process. The Audit Committee Charter, which details the Committee's authority and responsibilities is at https://dam.abbott.com/en-us/documents/pdfs/investors/audit-committee-charter.pdf |

C1.1b

(C1.1b) Provide further details on the board's oversight of climate-related issues.

| Frequency with which climate- related issues are a scheduled agenda item | mechanisms into which | board- level oversight | Please explain |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| Scheduled – some meetings | Overseeing and guiding employee incentives Reviewing and guiding strategy | <not Applicabl e></not | The Board of Directors has risk oversight responsibility for Abbott, which it administers directly and with assistance from its committees. The Board exercises risk oversight by focusing on areas of high priority identified, including Abbott's sustainability, environmental, and social responsibility practices. Throughout the year, the Board and its committees engage with management to discuss a wide range of enterprise risks and they verify the alignment of risk assessment and mitigation with business strategy. The Board of Director's Audit Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibility with respect to various matters, including enterprise risk management, which includes consideration of major financial and business risk exposures to Abbott. The Audit Committee conducts an annual review of the enterprise risk management process. |
| | Overseeing the setting of corporate targets | | Abbott's Board of Directors spends significant time with Abbott's senior management to understand global dynamics, challenges, and opportunities for Abbott. During these interactions, directors provide insights and ask questions, which guide management decision-making. This collaborative approach to risk oversight and emphasis on long-term sustainability begins with our leaders and is ingrained in Abbott's culture. |
| | Monitoring progress towards corporate targets | | One of the Board's key responsibilities is overseeing and monitoring business strategy. The Board conducts an annual review of the long-term strategy and areas of focus for Abbott and its businesses. The Board also regularly engages with management throughout the year to review and discuss the strategic planning for Abbott's businesses, including operating and financial plans, strategic business priorities and initiatives, and key risks and opportunities. These reviews include discussions of various matters, including sustainability programs. |
| | Reviewing and guiding the risk management process | | The Board's Public Policy Committee is responsible for reviewing and evaluating our policies and practices regarding sustainability and social responsibility. This Committee supports oversight of Abbott's sustainability and social responsibility policies and practices., which includes overseeing the setting of corporate targets and monitoring progress towards corporate targets. Specifically, management provides the Public Policy Committee with a sustainability and social responsibility update multiple times per year, which includes an update on progress made by Abbott to achieve its targets under its 2030 Sustainability Plan. |
| | | | Abbott's 2030 Sustainability Plan is integrated into its business plans, financial planning processes, and existing governance structures, including oversight from its Board of Directors. Abbott's leadership covenant is considered the minimum requirement of being an officer at Abbott. As stated in Abbott's leadership covenant, each senior leader is responsible for taking actions in their organization that help achieve our targeted priority goals, including protecting a healthy environment. |

C1.1d

$({\tt C1.1d})\ Does\ your\ organization\ have\ at\ least\ one\ board\ member\ with\ competence\ on\ climate-related\ issues?$

| | Board member(s) have competence on climate- related issues | | reason for no board- level competence on climate- | Explain why your organization does not have at least one board member with competence on climate-related issues and any plans to address board-level competence in the future |
|----------|--|--|---|---|
| Row 1 | Yes | In the process of identifying nominees to serve as members of the Board of Directors, the Nominations and Governance Committee considers the Board's diversity of relevant experiences, areas of expertise, ethnicity, gender, and geography and assesses the effectiveness of the process in achieving diversity. The process used to identify and select nominees has resulted in a balanced, diverse, and well-rounded Board of Directors that possesses the skills, experiences, and perspectives necessary for its oversight role. Abbott's Board of Directors believes that its directors comprise a well-balanced and highly qualified Board, with diverse backgrounds, skills, and experiences to provide strong oversight and guidance, including with respect to Abbott's sustainability policies and practices. | <not Applicable></not | <not applicable=""></not> |

C1.2

(C1.2) Provide the highest management-level position(s) or committee(s) with responsibility for climate-related issues.

Position or committee

Other C-Suite Officer, please specify (Senior Vice President, Quality Assurance, Regulatory and Engineering Services and Vice President, Global Marketing and External Affairs)

Climate-related responsibilities of this position

Setting climate-related corporate targets

Monitoring progress against climate-related corporate targets

Assessing climate-related risks and opportunities

Managing climate-related risks and opportunities

Coverage of responsibilities

<Not Applicable>

Reporting line

CEO reporting line

Frequency of reporting to the board on climate-related issues via this reporting line

Half-vearly

Please explain

Abbott's environment governance and management systems are part of an integrated Environment, Health and Safety (EHS) approach. Our EHS strategy focuses on identifying and mitigating EHS-related risk, ensuring business continuity and addressing our stakeholders' expectations that Abbott is a responsible corporate citizen. It includes systems and targets for reducing our greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, our water use, and the volume and impact of our waste.

Abbott's EHS organization reports to the Senior Vice President, Quality Assurance, Regulatory and Engineering Services who reports to our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (CEO). The Senior Vice President is also the executive sponsor for the development of our environmental strategy, including climate change and water. The Senior Vice President is responsible for both assessing and managing climate-related risks and opportunities and for reporting to the CEO on climate-related issues two times per year. The SVP also engages the corporate executive team in discussions of progress on Abbott's 2030 goals, targets and KPIs concerning climate related.

The company's Global Sustainability Team which leads strategy implementation across global operations and oversees ESG performance and reporting reports into the Vice President, Global Marketing and External Affairs, who reports to Abbott Board's Public Policy Committee at least twice per year.

Position or committee

Other committee, please specify (Global Operations Council)

Climate-related responsibilities of this position

Assessing climate-related risks and opportunities

Managing climate-related risks and opportunities

Coverage of responsibilities

<Not Applicable>

Reporting line

Please select

Frequency of reporting to the board on climate-related issues via this reporting line

As important matters arise

Please explain

The following leadership councils are responsible for informing and implementing our Environment, Health and Safety (EHS) and climate-related programs and initiatives, and include representation from Abbott's four businesses and appropriate operational areas including engineering, quality and supply chain:

- The Global Operations Council (GOC) oversees the execution of Abbott's operations strategy in each of four areas: manufacturing, supply chain, engineering and EHS.
- The Commercial EHS Executive Council sets EHS priorities, goals and objectives for our commercial operations, which include actions to reduce GHG emissions, as well as key health and safety objectives, such as improving driver safety.
- The EHS Leadership Council establishes the EHS strategy, EHS programs; builds awareness, education and expertise; and promotes our EHS Awards.

C1.3

(C1.3) Do you provide incentives for the management of climate-related issues, including the attainment of targets?

| | Provide incentives for the management of climate-related issues | Comment |
|-------|---|---------|
| Row 1 | Yes | |

C1.3a

(C1.3a) Provide further details on the incentives provided for the management of climate-related issues (do not include the names of individuals).

Entitled to incentive

Corporate executive team

Type of incentive

Monetary reward

Incentive(s)

Shares

Performance indicator(s)

Reduction in absolute emissions

Reduction in total energy consumption

Other (please specify) (Reduction in water consumption, Reduction in packaging-related waste, Expanded use of renewable energy)

Incentive plan(s) this incentive is linked to

Long-Term Incentive Plan

Further details of incentive(s)

Abbott's 2030 Sustainability Plan is integrated into its business plans, financial planning processes, and existing governance structures, including oversight from its Board of Directors. Overall responsibility for sustainability sits with management and Abbott's leadership covenant reinforces this by explicitly stating that corporate officers are accountable for the achievement of Abbott's 2030 Sustainability Plan goals. All officers, including the Chairman and CEO, also carry a Human Capital Metrics goal. Abbott's leadership covenant is considered the minimum requirement of being an officer at Abbott. Any officer who does not fulfill the covenant can receive a reduction of up to 100% of their annual incentive and/or long-term incentive awards.

As stated in Abbott's leadership covenant, each senior leader is responsible for taking actions in their organization that help achieve our targeted priority goals, including protecting a healthy environment. Every year we establish and advance projects to sustainably reduce carbon emissions, expand use of renewable energy, manage water use, reduce the impact of our packaging and minimize waste.

Explain how this incentive contributes to the implementation of your organization's climate commitments and/or climate transition plan

Our leadership covenant is considered the minimum requirement of being an officer at Abbott. Any officer that does not fulfill the covenant can receive a reduction of up to 100% of their annual incentive and/or long-term incentive awards. In addition, our leadership covenant specifically states that senior leaders are accountable for the achievement of Abbott's 2030 Sustainability Plan goals.

The sustainability plan is integrated into our business plans, financial planning processes and existing governance structures. Each senior manager is responsible for taking actions in their organization that help achieve our targeted priority goals, including to protect a healthy environment.

Entitled to incentive

Management group

Type of incentive

Monetary reward

Incentive(s)

Please select

Performance indicator(s)

Reduction in absolute emissions

Reduction in total energy consumption

Incentive plan(s) this incentive is linked to

Please select

Further details of incentive(s)

Performance goals taken by management may include actions to meet Abbott's established public GHG reduction target and annual division targets. Management receive performance incentives based on multiple criteria, including consideration of annual goal achievement. Various business groups with impacts throughout the value chain (i.e. operations, packaging, and supply chain) also take goals that can impact climate change related issues, such as energy reduction projects, efficiency improvements and supplier engagement, and are rewarded based on those accomplishments.

Explain how this incentive contributes to the implementation of your organization's climate commitments and/or climate transition plan

Entitled to incentive

All employees

Type of incentive

Monetary reward

Incentive(s)

Please select

Performance indicator(s)

Implementation of an emissions reduction initiative

Reduction in absolute emissions

Reduction in total energy consumption

Increased engagement with suppliers on climate-related issues

Other (please specify) (KPIs: Energy Efficiency, Supply Chain Engagement, Waste Diversion Rate, Water Stewardship Certification, Water Management Practices, Zero Waste to Landfill (ZWL) Certification, and Sustainable Packaging Design Programs.)

Incentive plan(s) this incentive is linked to

Please select

Further details of incentive(s)

Divisions directors take goals to manage energy use and CO2 emissions. Our Climate Change and Environment Goal Team in addition to our Global Energy Council monitors, evaluates and reduces total energy consumption, negotiates energy contracts and promotes financially beneficial conservation and alternative energy projects. Through our energy, water, waste, and packaging Communities of Practices (CoPs) and Awards Programs, we encourage a culture of continuous improvement and share best practices. Our Excellence Awards specifically recognize individuals/ teams that improve our carbon footprint, reduce waste and drive efficiency.

Explain how this incentive contributes to the implementation of your organization's climate commitments and/or climate transition plan

C2. Risks and opportunities

C2.1

CDF

(C2.1) Does your organization have a process for identifying, assessing, and responding to climate-related risks and opportunities? Yes

C2.1a

(C2.1a) How does your organization define short-, medium- and long-term time horizons?

| | From (years) | To (years) | Comment |
|-------------|--------------|------------|---------|
| Short-term | 0 | 2 | |
| Medium-term | 2 | 5 | |
| Long-term | 5 | 10 | |

C2.1b

(C2.1b) How does your organization define substantive financial or strategic impact on your business?

Abbott's Board of Directors has risk oversight responsibility for Abbott, which it administers directly and with assistance from its committees. At Abbott, we have four reportable business segments with 13 global businesses, each with unique markets, competitors, and risk. In order to maintain the flexibility required to appropriately manage the unique risks within each business, risk management is a core job responsibility for our Executive Leadership, who identifies, owns, and manages the risks embedded within their respective businesses. This drives a culture that aligns ownership with business strategy. Our enterprise risk management (ERM) process evaluates likelihood, impact, and velocity of risks that potentially impact business performance. Our ERM Network team — 16 functional experts led by Abbott's Vice President, Internal Audit — integrates ERM throughout Abbott by working with management to establish a risk management framework that identifies, assesses, and manages key risk exposures. For more information on our ERM approach go to our 2022 Global Sustainability Report on, pg. 81.

The ERM Network facilitates an annual risk survey that seeks feedback from our global leaders on enterprise risk exposure that exceeds existing mitigation plans. The results of the survey are presented to the Audit Committee. The top enterprise risks are prioritized and used to inform strategic action plans. The Board exercises risk oversight by focusing on areas of high priority identified, including business strategy, human capital, cybersecurity and data protection, and Abbott's sustainability, environmental, and social responsibility practices.

In this process, the degree of impact for identified risks is assessed for three impact categories – financial, operational, and reputational. Each dimension has five clearly defined ratings to allow consistent assessment of risks across the organization. Other, already mentioned risk dimensions (likelihood and velocity) are also assessed to provide a risk profile for the annual survey.

Climate related scenarios can inform multiple risk categories identified in the ERM Network's annual risk survey. The ERM Network has sustainability expertise – including the Divisional Vice President of Global Citizenship and Sustainability and the Senior Director of Environment, Health and Safety (EHS).

Our Business Continuity and Crisis Management programs identify and assess climate related risks (including weather events and other natural disasters) that may have the potential to impact our people, operations, supply chain and distribution network. The programs regularly assess and prepare for events which could impact our direct operations or supply chain to a degree that it would significantly disrupt product flow to our customers in the global markets that we serve. Abbott's Crisis Management team advises and coordinates regularly updated crisis preparation plans across the company and is supported by country-led Crisis Action Teams. Our Business Continuity program identifies and assesses the impact of operational, reputational, and compliance risks and their potential impacts on business processes. Corresponding planning helps ensure that procedures and provisions are in place for continuity.

Substantive change is defined as any event which could impact our direct operations or supply chain to a degree that it would significantly disrupt product flow to our customers in the global markets that we serve. Abbott is a global organization with 88 manufacturing facilities in more than 25 countries, a diverse geographical supply chain and distribution network, and site-level business continuity planning. These factors lessen the potential for a substantiative business impact from climate-related risks, such as effects of severity of weather.

C2.2

(C2.2) Describe your process(es) for identifying, assessing and responding to climate-related risks and opportunities.

Value chain stage(s) covered

Direct operations

Upstream

Downstream

Risk management process

Integrated into multi-disciplinary company-wide risk management process

Frequency of assessment

Annually

Time horizon(s) covered

Short-term

Medium-term

Long-term

Description of process

In addition to the activities described in our response to C2.1, we have formal programs continuously identifying, assessing and responding to climate related risks and opportunities.

We are committed to identifying and attempting to reduce climate-related risks that may have the potential to impact our operations, supply chain and distribution networks. We have determined that climate-related risks and opportunities exist for Abbott at the site and regional levels but are limited at a global scale.

Risk

Our Business Continuity and Crisis Management organization works with our Environment, Health and Safety (EHS); Engineering; and Supply Chain teams to strengthen business resiliency against potential sources of extreme disruption - including weather related events. These physical risks fall into two categories: acute and chronic. Acute physical risks associated with climate change are event driven and include extreme weather events. Chronic risks are longer term, like sustained water stress, sea level rise and higher average temperatures. We have developed strategies for minimizing the impact of and responding to risks across our supply chain.

Annually, the Crisis Management team updates response planning for areas identified as at-risk to weather events and natural disasters. This includes an assessment of the potential intensity and frequency of these events. Our hurricane preparation plan was tested five times in 2022 for operations in the southeastern United States, Central America, and Puerto Rico. This helped us minimize disruption when Hurricane lan, a powerful Category 5 Atlantic hurricane, rapidly intensified and caused major damage and disruption to parts of Florida and the southeastern United States. Abbott Crisis Action Teams were able to quickly implement plans prior to the storm arriving to minimize disruptions to our distribution networks, ensuring continuity of products and services.

In December 2022, Crisis Action Teams were activated to minimize interruptions associated with historic weather conditions across Texas that included crippling winter storms and freezing temperatures. Teams worked to minimize disruptions across several sites and related transportation networks. Our Crisis Action Teams quickly identified operational and distribution priorities until power and transportation networks returned to normal.

In the Western United States, wildfires are a significant threat. Our California Crisis Action Team collaborates with businesses and the Executive Crisis Management Team annually to assess plans and proactively monitor areas listed as highly prone to drought or wildfires, where such events could impact our employees, operations, or supply chain. Once an active event is identified, Abbott overlays a map of available resources corresponding to the projected event's perimeter. Crisis plans are activated and communication between the local and executive level teams begins, ensuring communication and access to essential resources until the event no longer poses a threat.

Climate-related risks include transition risks that relate to emerging expectations and regulations around GHG emission measurement, management and reporting. We have identified the need to manage and reduce environmental impacts as a potential enterprise risk. In response, our business strategy includes reducing operational energy and our carbon footprint and engaging stakeholders across our value chain.

Abbott's EHS Governance team monitors emerging climate-related trends and regulations to analyze their short- and long-term risks and potential impacts in order to develop and implement appropriate risk management strategies. Abbott has conducted multiple scenario analyses to inform our climate-related strategy. Analyses have considered COP21 outcomes, potential carbon taxes, water scarcity and their potential impacts to the agricultural supply chains that our nutritional products depend on. The EHS Governance team works closely and collaboratively with EHS teams at the division and local levels to help ensure that resulting management strategies are understood, implemented, and effective. The objective is to build resilience in both our operations and our business model.

The EHS Governance team regularly reviews and updates EHS risk management standards and programs to align with global best practices and regulatory requirements, and to help ensure that Abbott is positioned to address emerging risks and anticipated regulatory changes. Engineering and EHS policies and standards consider physical risks, such as water scarcity, and require sites to conduct regular risk and opportunity evaluations and implement mitigation strategies.

The evolution and execution of our global supply chain strategy is overseen by our Global Operations Council. We have global policies and procedures for communicating and evaluating supplier sustainability performance expectations. This includes the systems in place for ensuring effective risk management associated with sustainability related risks and business continuity. Supplier performance expectations are documented in our Abbott Supplier Guidelines.

When selecting suppliers, we consider applicable ESG factors alongside business capabilities and operational capacities, financial health and ability to meet our Supplier Guidelines. We conduct due diligence of direct and select indirect suppliers with a risk-based approach to screening, assessment and monitoring, and auditing considering supplier size, industry, sourcing location(s), ESG performance and criticality to Abbott. Through this process, we identify and monitor suppliers with potential risk of losing manufacturing capacity due to natural disasters, and our businesses have prepared contingency plans for such events. Additional risk-specific analyses are performed when potential risks are identified, examples include supplier-related water and carbon impacts.

Opportunities

As part of our product research and development and climate risk management processes, we consider climate change-related opportunities. These fall into two main categories: 1. Increased operating efficiencies through achieving carbon reduction targets. 2. The opportunity to advance our mission to help people live their best lives by meeting changing healthcare and nutrition needs. Although climate-related opportunities exist and are incorporated into our 2030 Sustainability Plan, they are unlikely to have a substantive impact on our business.

Our 2030 Sustainability Plan outlines the way in which Abbott is responding to increased humanitarian needs due to severe weather events, new disease threats, and changes in the spread of disease. We will do so in line with our priority of innovating for access and affordability, which characterized our company's response to the COVID-19 pandemic. We will continue to respond to humanitarian needs, primarily through our philanthropic efforts and product donations.

(C2.2a) Which risk types are considered in your organization's climate-related risk assessments?

| | Relevance & | Please explain |
|---------------------|---|--|
| | inclusion | |
| Current regulation | Relevant, always included | Abbott has formal processes in place to monitor and to help ensure compliance with global regulation associated with environment, energy, and other ESG issues (e.g. 3rd party due diligence). |
| | inologica | Abbott has a formal EHS regulatory intelligence process for monitoring environmental regulatory developments globally and in particular areas where we do business. This process includes the use of external subscriptions to the services of organizations that monitor regulatory developments. We maintain developments in an internal database to capture and document the management of identified issues. We determine the potential impact, identify action plans to help ensure compliance, and regularly communicate updates to internal stakeholders. The database allows us to follow-up on and help ensure that identified action plans are implemented. |
| | | This process, while mostly driven by our corporate EHS Governance team, allows for employees to identify and communicate potential regulatory changes that may impact the business. The degree of evaluation, investigation and response depends on the scope of the issue. For example, the EHS and Economics teams at Abbott undertake risk modeling exercises to understand the implications of potential environmental regulatory risks and opportunities. Abbott periodically conducts analyses of existing and emerging carbon tax regulations to evaluate potential current and emerging impacts at the site and enterprise levels, allowing us to integrate regulatory requirements into existing internal technical standards and practices as needed. |
| | | Additionally, our comprehensive global audit program monitors compliance with applicable environmental regulations. Following audits, corrective action plans are developed, implemented, and monitored to completion. The audit program also informs standards and regulatory training requirements for relevant employees through the identification of potential risks to the business. |
| Emerging regulation | Relevant, always included | Abbott's EHS team monitors new and emerging regulations to help ensure that operations are prepared to comply with legal requirements. In addition to this, the EHS and Economics teams at Abbott undertake risk modeling exercises to identify needed actions and to understand the implications of emerging or evolving climate related regulations. For example, Abbott's Economics team completed an analysis of the potential impacts of emerging climate regulations globally and on Abbott. Using 2020 data, the team determined that Abbott's emissions per employee, profit, and market cap ratios are lower than our peer sector average, suggesting that new policies restricting use of fossil fuels and carbon emissions would likely not pose an immediate threat to our competitive position. Additionally, we work with our operations around the world to assess the likelihood of potential regulatory changes impacting Abbott's business. |
| | | To manage the internal direct risk from potential regulation changes, Abbott continues to identify and implement ways to reduce energy use and operating costs. Our Energy Policy provides guidance and goals to help our employees around the world manage energy use and related emissions. Our Global Energy Council includes utility professionals from our most energy-intensive businesses. For example, one of our largest business units has a Utility Excellence (UEx) program that cultivates a culture of sustainable utility management through employee awareness and accountability. |
| Technology | Relevant, always included | Energy assessments are regularly conducted across Abbott manufacturing operations. The assessments consider the implementation of new technology and the upgrade of existing technologies to reduce energy use and its related carbon impacts |
| | | In 2022, we implemented 80 energy efficiency and air emission reduction projects at 34 manufacturing and R&D sites in 14 countries. These projects resulted in approximately \$2,771,000 annual cost savings and approximately 27 million kilowatt-hours in annual energy savings, preventing approximately 7,000 metric tons of carbon emissions. In several cases, we achieved significant savings by upgrading and optimizing building control technologies, HVAC systems, and manufacturing processes and equipment. |
| Legal | Not relevant, explanation provided | Due to the nature of our business and our value chain activities, our climate related litigation is not considered significant to our business risk profile. |
| Market | Relevant, always included | Shifts in supply and demand throughout our value chain are evaluated at the country level on an annual basis. Potential supply chain climate-related interruptions and commodity risks are also evaluated by our procurement and economics teams to identify risk exposure. For example, an internal scenario analysis was conducted on the El Nino Southern Oscillation to evaluate potential exposure to our commodity spend. This was done to determine what remediation strategies would be needed to address drought related supply chain impacts. The analysis identified potential commodity price impacts related to dairy. However, business continuity planning and the geographic distribution of the business minimized overall impact. Likewise, we also complete risk analyses to understand the potential impacts to pricing and markets for agricultural commodities exposed to natural disasters, such as typhoons, droughts, tsunamis and earthquakes. |
| Reputation | Relevant, sometimes included | At Abbott, sustainability means managing our company to deliver long-term impact for the people we serve — shaping the future of healthcare and helping the greatest number of people live better and healthier. We are working to reduce our environmental footprint across our global operations. We're also taking action to support people's health in a world impacted by climate change, focusing in two areas: tracking and finding solutions for emerging health threats and preparing frontline systems and communities. Across our business and in collaboration with others, we're working to identify and address emerging health issues, strengthen underlying systems, and help build more resilient communities. Due to the nature of our business and our value chain activities, our climate-related reputational risks are not considered significant to our business risk profile. |
| Acute physical | Relevant, always included | Abbott's Business Continuity and Crisis Management organizations implement measures to help ensure business continuity and attempt to minimize the impacts of physical climate related risks. These physical risks fall into two categories: acute and chronic. |
| | | Acute physical risks associated with climate change are event driven and include extreme weather events. We have developed strategies for minimizing the impact of and responding to them across our supply chain. Our Business Continuity and Crisis Management organization works with our EHS, Engineering, and Supply Chain groups to strengthen business resiliency against weather events and other forms of extreme disruption. |
| Chronic physical | Relevant, always included | Abbott's Business Continuity and Crisis Management organizations implement measures to help ensure business continuity and attempt to minimize the impacts of physical climate-related risks. |
| | o.aaaa | Chronic risks are longer term, like sustained water stress, sea level rise and higher average temperatures. |
| | | Our water management technical standard details requirements for monitoring Abbott's impact on resources in communities where we operate, including implementing management plans and targets for mitigating risks and engaging key local stakeholders to fully understand water-related risks. We use a context-based approach to water management, annually assessing for resilience, using World Resource Institute (WRI) Aqueduct™— a global water-risk mapping tool — to analyze local water stress and evaluate against our internal water use intensity. This analysis allows us to tailor our water management systems accordingly to reduce impacts at sites identified as exposed to water stress. In 2022, 24 manufacturing sites were identified as operating in areas of water stress. Abbott's Water Management Planning Tools, Global Technical Standard for Water and Water Efficiency Guidelines provide water-stressed sites direction and support for reducing local risk and adopting a context-based water management approach. |
| | | Abbott is a global organization with 88 manufacturing facilities in more than 25 countries, a diverse geographical supply chain and distribution network, and site-level business continuity planning. These factors lessen the potential for a significant business impact from climate-related physical risks, such as effects of severity of weather. |

C2.3

(C2.3) Have you identified any inherent climate-related risks with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business?

C2.3b

(C2.3b) Why do you not consider your organization to be exposed to climate-related risks with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business?

| | Primary reason | Please explain |
|----------|--|--|
| Rov 1 | Risks exist, but none with potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact on business | We maintain an identification process for opportunities to address emerging climate change-related healthcare needs and increase operating efficiencies by reducing climate-related impacts. We have determined that climate-related risks and opportunities exist for Abbott at site and regional levels but are limited at a global scale. |
| | | Acute physical risks associated with climate change are event driven and include extreme weather events. We have developed strategies for minimizing the impact of and responding to them across our supply chain. Our Business Continuity and Crisis Management organization works with our EHS, Engineering, and Supply Chain groups to strengthen business resiliency against weather events and other forms of extreme disruption. |
| | | Abbott is a global organization with 88 manufacturing facilities in more than 25 countries, a diverse geographical supply chain and distribution network, and site-level business continuity planning. These factors, and our mature business continuity and crisis management programs, lessen the potential for a substantive business impact from climate-related physical risks, such as effects of severity of weather. |
| | | Climate-related risks include transition risks that relate to emerging expectations and regulations around GHG emission management. These include carbon limits and taxes, enhanced reporting obligations, costs to transition to lower-emissions technologies, and increased costs of goods and services. |
| | | Utilizing 2020 data, EHS and Economics teams at Abbott undertook risk modeling exercises to calculate the implications of potential environmental regulations and found that Abbott's emissions per employee, profit, and market cap ratios are lower than our peer sector average, suggesting new policies restricting use of fossil fuels and carbon emissions should not be an immediate threat to our competitive position. |

C2.4

(C2.4) Have you identified any climate-related opportunities with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business?

C2.4b

(C2.4b) Why do you not consider your organization to have climate-related opportunities?

| | Primary reason | Please explain |
|----------|---|--|
| Row 1 | Opportunities exist, but none with potential to have a substantive financial | Through Abbott's diversified geographical distribution and the various initiatives that we have implemented to reduce our carbon emissions and improve operational efficiency, we have determined that climate-related risks and opportunities exist for Abbott at site and regional levels but are limited at a global scale. This diversification, along with the actions we have already taken to help ensure the efficiency of our operations and the business sector we are in, lessens our exposure to both physical and regulatory climate-related risks. |
| | or strategic impact on business | Abbott has worked to develop a comprehensive management program to address our climate-related risks and opportunities. Since 2004, Abbott has set public carbon reduction targets to drive our efforts to reduce our climate-related impacts, as well as improve our operating efficiencies. As we integrate sustainable engineering technologies and concepts into our operations, we reach a diminishing return on our opportunities to reduce Scope 1 emissions – also resulting in decreased risk exposure from transition risks posed by climate change. Since 2016, we have placed greater emphasis on influencing our Scope 2 emissions – improving our resilience through the purchase of electricity with above average renewable energy mixes. Although climate-related opportunities exist and are incorporated into our 2030 Sustainability Plan, they are unlikely to have a substantive impact on our business. |
| | | Our 2030 Sustainability Plan outlines the way in which Abbott is responding to increased humanitarian needs due to severe weather events, new disease threats, and changes in the spread of disease. We will do so in line with our priority of innovating for access and affordability, which characterized our company's response to the COVID-19 pandemic. We will continue to respond to humanitarian needs in line with our caring value and primarily through our philanthropic organization and product donations. |
| | | We're also taking action to support people's health in a world impacted by climate change, focusing in two areas: tracking and finding solutions for emerging health threats and preparing frontline systems and communities. Across our business and in collaboration with others, we're working to identify and address emerging health issues, strengthen underlying systems, and help build more resilient communities. To read about our work to address emerging health threats, see page 16 and 23 of our 2022 Global Sustainability Report. |

C3. Business Strategy

C3.1

(C3.1) Does your organization's strategy include a climate transition plan that aligns with a 1.5°C world?

Row 1

Climate transition plan

No, our strategy has been influenced by climate-related risks and opportunities, but we do not plan to develop a climate transition plan within two years

Publicly available climate transition plan

<Not Applicable>

Mechanism by which feedback is collected from shareholders on your climate transition plan

<Not Applicable>

Description of feedback mechanism

<Not Applicable>

Frequency of feedback collection

<Not Applicable>

Attach any relevant documents which detail your climate transition plan (optional)

<Not Applicable>

Explain why your organization does not have a climate transition plan that aligns with a 1.5°C world and any plans to develop one in the future

We are continuing to attempt to reduce our emissions as well as strengthen our commitments to reductions for our global operations. In 2022, the Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) approved our near-term science-based greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions reduction targets and classified our Scope 1 and 2 targets as aligning with a well-below 2°C trajectory. Our 2030 target will be measured in terms of CO2e emissions. They will include all GHG emissions covered by the World Resources Institute/World Business Council for Sustainable Development (WRI/WBCSD) Greenhouse Gas Protocol (GHGP) methodology for GHG reporting.

Explain why climate-related risks and opportunities have not influenced your strategy

<Not Applicable>

C3.2

(C3.2) Does your organization use climate-related scenario analysis to inform its strategy?

| | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | Explain why your organization does not use climate-related scenario analysis to inform its strategy and any plans to use it in the future |
|----|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Ro | W Yes, qualitative and quantitative | <not applicable=""></not> | <not applicable=""></not> |
| 1 | | | |

C3.2a

| Climate- related | Scenario analysis | Temperature alignment of | Parameters, assumptions, analytical choices |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| scenario | coverage | - | |
| Physical climate 2.6 scenarios | Company- wide | <not Applicable></not | Abbott has conducted multiple scenario analyses to inform our climate-related strategy. Prior to establishing our 2030 Sustainability Plan climate target, Abbott contracted with the World Resources Institute (WRI) to complete a 2-degree scenario analysis, for Abbott's global direct operations, i.e., Scope 1 and 2 data. In order to align the analysis with the COP21 Paris Agreement's 2-degree target, the IPCC's Representative Concentration Pathway (RCP) 2.6 was chosen as the scenario. The analysis applied the Sector Decarbonization Approach (SDA) using the "other Industry" segment and the absolute contraction approach. The absolute contraction approach. The absolute contraction approach applied a 3.13% compounded annual reduction rate and a 1.67% compounded annual reduction rate, for scope 1 and 2 emissions, from 2010 to 2050. Through this analysis, the absolute contraction approach yielded the most ambitious results through 2030 for scope 1 and 2 emissions. The analysis also included consideration for Scope 3 emissions, as they are a substantial portion of value chain emissions for companies in the various sectors Abbott operates in (nutrition, pharmaceuticals, medical devices, diagnostics). The results of this analysis were utilized to develop our 2030 Sustainability Plan, and carbon target. Throughout the goal setting process the outcome and recommendations of this analysis were applied to the implementation strategy and financial allocations made in support of Abbott's 2030 target. |
| | | | At the end of 2022, Abbott engaged with a consultant to refresh our physical climate risk assessment considering seven climate hazards and three climate-related scenarios (i.e., RCP 8.5, RCP 4.5 and RCP 2.6). Analysis is ongoing and relevant action plans will be established as appropriate. |
| | | | The EHS Governance team monitors emerging climate-related trends to analyze potential impacts, risk exposure and develop appropriate management strategies. We use scenario-sensitivity risk modeling to understand the implications of climate-related risks. For example, analyses have considered COP21, the implications of water scarcity, and climate change impacts to agriculture supply chains. We are committed to identifying and attempting to reduce climate-related risks that may have the potential to impact our operations, supply chain and distribution network. We have determined that climate-related risks and opportunities exist for Abbott at site and regional levels but are limited at a global scale. |
| Transition IEA scenarios 2DS | Company- wide | <not Applicable></not | Abbott is committed to identifying and attempting to reduce climate-related risks that may have the potential to impact our operations, supply chain and distribution network. We maintain an identification process for opportunities to address emerging climate change-related healthcare needs and increase operating efficiencies by reducing climate-related impacts. We have determined that climate-related risks and opportunities exist for Abbott at site and regional levels but are limited at a global scale. |
| | | | We analyze transitional risks resulting from emerging regulations and assess and help to manage them through our risk management processes, which identify opportunities to build resilience in both our operations and our business model. Our transitional policy scenario analysis uses modeled quantitative estimates of carbon prices considering current emission trading schemes, carbon taxes, and fuel taxes. Key assumptions include cost of carbon across our key geographies and future emission profile. Our current baseline is considered with future projections considering publicly available information. This analysis is periodically updated, at a minimum every five years. |
| | | | We regularly update risk management, standards, and programs to align with global practices and regulatory requirements, and to anticipate emerging risks and upcoming regulatory changes. |
| | | | Our Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) program evaluates likelihood, impact and velocity of enterprise-wide risks that could potentially impact business performance. |
| | | | The EHS Governance team monitors emerging climate-related trends and regulations to analyze potential impacts, risk exposure, and develop appropriate management strategies. Abbott utilizes a third-party risk monitoring tool to perform real-time analysis of critical supplier sourcing locations, tracking potential risks, including sustainability. |
| | | | Our Climate Change and Environment Goal Team in addition to our Global Energy Council monitors, evaluates and reduces total energy consumption, negotiates best-inclass energy contracts and promotes financially beneficial conservation and alternative energy projects. |

C3.2b

(C3.2b) Provide details of the focal questions your organization seeks to address by using climate-related scenario analysis, and summarize the results with respect to these questions.

Row 1

Focal questions

Strategy Development: What should we do? And by when? What variables need to be looked at to assist decision-making around strategy options?

Emerging Climate Trends: What climate-related forces and developments have the greatest ability to shape our future performance?

Results of the climate-related scenario analysis with respect to the focal questions

Abbott has conducted multiple scenario analyses to understand our climate-related impacts and opportunities, as well as set our short-and long-term business strategies. This has included a 2-degree scenario analysis using the Sectoral Decarbonization Approach to develop our 2030 Sustainability Plan climate target, as well as scenario sensitivity risk-modeling analyses for specific, potential, and emerging, climate-related risks. Throughout Abbott's 2030 climate goal setting process the outcomes and recommendations of the 2-degree scenario analysis were utilized to plan for the operationalization and implementation of our 2030 strategy, as well as to establish financial allocations to support the target. Likewise, the scenario sensitivity risk-modeling analyses conducted for specific climate-related risks were utilized to influence decision making, business strategies and resilience planning related to both our operations and our supply chain.

C3.3

(C3.3) Describe where and how climate-related risks and opportunities have influenced your strategy.

| | Have climate- related risks and opportunities influenced your strategy in this area? | Description of influence |
|---|---|---|
| Products and services | Yes | As part of implementing our product design principles for access and affordability and climate risk management processes, we consider climate change-related opportunities. These fall into two main categories: Increased operating efficiencies through achieving carbon reduction targets and the opportunity to advance our mission to help people live their best lives by meeting changing healthcare and nutrition needs. |
| | | Although climate-related opportunities exist and are incorporated into our 2030 Sustainability Plan, they are unlikely to have a substantive impact on our business. |
| | | Our 2030 Sustainability Plan outlines the way in which Abbott is responding to increased humanitarian needs due to severe weather events, new disease threats, and changes in the spread of disease. We will do so in line with our priority of innovating for access and affordability, which characterized our company's response to the COVID-19 pandemic. |
| | | We're also taking action to protect people's health in a world impacted by climate change, focusing in two areas: tracking and finding solutions for emerging health threats and preparing frontline systems and communities. Across our business and in collaboration with others, we're working to identify and address emerging health issues, strengthen underlying systems, and help build more resilient communities. To read about our work to address emerging health threats, see page 16 and 23 of our 2022 Global Sustainability Report. |
| Supply chain and/or value chain | Yes | Abbott works to help ensure the resilience of our supply chain by collaborating across business functions to address complex supply chain challenges, leverage technology and improve transparency. We're committed to identifying and reducing climate-related risks that have the potential to impact our operations, supply chain and distribution network. Through Abbott's Supply Chain Sustainability and Resilience programs, we assess and engage our suppliers on climate-related risks on an ongoing basis to improve resilience and business continuity across our supply chain. |
| ona | | This approach delivers an increased understanding so that we may adapt our supply chain to address external factors that may impact business continuity and improve our shared sustainability impacts across our value chain. These external factors include environment, social and economic risks, including climate change, natural disasters, resource scarcity and disease outbreaks. |
| | | We complete due diligence of select direct and indirect suppliers with a risk-based approach to screening, assessment and monitoring, considering supplier size, industry, sourcing location(s), ESG performance and criticality to Abbott. Through this process, we identify and monitor suppliers with potential risk of losing manufacturing capacity due to natural disasters and other issues, and our businesses have prepared contingency plans for such events. Additional, risk-specific analyses are performed when potential risks are identified, examples include supplier-related water and carbon impacts. |
| | | We also use the World Resources Institute Aqueduct TM tool to determine which suppliers have the greatest risk of water supply interruptions. Mapping water stress in this way allows our businesses to engage with affected suppliers to help ensure business continuity. Building on this work, we initiated engagements with five suppliers to understand their water-risk mitigation efforts and identify opportunities to collaborate and reduce our shared risks in 2022. |
| Investment in R&D | Yes | As part of implementing our product design principles for access and affordability and our climate risk management processes, we consider climate change-related opportunities. These fall into two main categories: Increased operating efficiencies through achieving carbon reduction targets and the opportunity to advance our mission to help people live their best lives by meeting changing healthcare and nutrition needs. |
| | | Although opportunities exist and are incorporated into our 2030 Sustainability Plan, they are unlikely to have a substantive impact on our business. |
| | | Our 2030 Sustainability Plan outlines the way in which Abbott is responding to increased humanitarian needs due to severe weather events, new disease threats, and changes in the spread of disease. We will do so in line with our priority of innovating for access and affordability, which characterized our company's response to the COVID-19 pandemic. We will continue to respond to humanitarian needs in line with our caring value and primarily through our philanthropic organization and product donations. |
| Operations | Yes | As part of our climate risk management processes, we consider opportunities that might help us to reduce our climate change impacts. This includes the opportunity to increase operating efficiencies and meet external stakeholder expectations to reduce our climate-related impacts. |
| | | Decades of actively working on reducing our energy consumption and achieving previous emission reduction targets means that we have fewer opportunities to realize significant operating efficiencies and cost savings. Although opportunities exist and are incorporated into our 2030 Sustainability Plan, they are unlikely to have a substantive impact on our business. |
| | | In 2022, our three most significant areas of climate change impact were our electricity use, fuel consumption by our manufacturing operations and our global sales fleet. In 2022, our greatest carbon reductions were achieved through the purchase of electricity from utility providers that included above-average renewable generation in their energy mix, particularly in Europe. This resulted in a savings of about 76,500 metric tons of CO2e. Likewise, Abbott businesses and sites have developed energy efficiency programs to help meet our Scope 1 and Scope 2 reduction targets. These programs have succeeded in decreasing our absolute Scope 1 and 2 emissions by 5.2 percent from 2018 to 2022, despite continual increases in production during this time. |

C3.4

(C3.4) Describe where and how climate-related risks and opportunities have influenced your financial planning.

| | Financial planning elements that have been influenced | Description of influence |
|----------|--|---|
| Row 1 | Direct costs Indirect costs Capital expenditures Capital allocation | As part of our climate risk management processes, we consider opportunities that might help us to reduce our climate change impacts. This includes the opportunity to increase operating efficiencies and procure and/or produce low-carbon electricity and carbon credits. When opportunities are identified to implement energy efficiency into our operations and/or produce onsite low-carbon energy they are incorporated into site- and division-level financial planning. Capital allocation in financial plans for site- and divisional initiatives can range anywhere from 1 to 3 years. Our efforts to procure low-carbon electricity and carbon credits are incorporated into our existing energy budget. Planning for these efforts generally begins 1 to 3 years prior to procurement. |
| | | For example, in 2012, we developed the Abbott Ireland Collaboration Programme and adopted a systematic approach to energy management, engaging with the Energy Efficiency Obligation Scheme (EEOS) administered by the Sustainable Energy Authority of Ireland. One of the most successful outcomes of the programme is the opportunity and implementation of 100% renewable electricity at all Abbott sites in Ireland, beginning in 2016. |
| | | We also build for sustainability, with environmental considerations front of mind during design and construction stages. For example, our new facility under construction in Kilkenny, Ireland, will incorporate key sustainable design features including implementing energy efficiency, green building concepts, and effective waste management throughout the construction and operational phases. |

C3.5

| | Identification of spending/revenue that is aligned with your organization's climate transition | Indicate the level at which you identify the alignment of your spending/revenue with a sustainable finance taxonomy |
|----------|--|---|
| Row 1 | No, but we plan to in the next two years | <not applicable=""></not> |

C4. Targets and performance

C4.1

(C4.1) Did you have an emissions target that was active in the reporting year?

Absolute target

C4.1a

(C4.1a) Provide details of your absolute emissions target(s) and progress made against those targets.

Target reference number

Abs 1

Is this a science-based target?

Yes, and this target has been approved by the Science Based Targets initiative

Target ambition

Well-below 2°C aligned

Year target was set

2020

Target coverage

Company-wide

Scope(s)

Scope 1

Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method

Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)

<Not Applicable>

Base year

2018

Base year Scope 1 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

536000

Base year Scope 2 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

445000

Base year Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 15: Investments emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Other (upstream) emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Other (downstream) emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year total Scope 3 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Total base year emissions covered by target in all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 1 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 1

Base year Scope 2 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 2

Base year Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 1:

Purchased goods and services (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream

transportation and distribution (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 5: Waste

generated in operations (metric tons CO2e) <Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting

(metric tons CO2e) <Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream

leased assets (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3,

Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 10:

Processing of sold products (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold

products (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 12:

End-of-life treatment of sold products (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 13:

Downstream leased assets (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises (metric tons

CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 15: Investments emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 15: Investments (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Other (upstream) emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Other (upstream) (metric tons CO2e) <Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Other (downstream) emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Other (downstream) (metric tons CO2e) <Not Applicable>

Base year total Scope 3 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3 (in all Scope 3 categories) <Not Applicable>

Base year emissions covered by target in all selected Scopes as % of total base year emissions in all selected Scopes

Target year

2030

Targeted reduction from base year (%)

30

Total emissions in target year covered by target in all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e) [auto-calculated]

686000

Scope 1 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

530000

Scope 2 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

399000

Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) <Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) <Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) <Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) <Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) <Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) <Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) <Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) <Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) <Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) <Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) <Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) <Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Category 15: Investments emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) <Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Other (upstream) emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) <Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Other (downstream) emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) <Not Applicable>

Total Scope 3 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) <Not Applicable>

Total emissions in reporting year covered by target in all selected scopes (metric tons CO2e) 929000

Does this target cover any land-related emissions?

Yes, it covers land-related and non-land related emissions (e.g. SBT approved before the release of FLAG target-setting guidance)

% of target achieved relative to base year [auto-calculated]

Target status in reporting year

Underway

Please explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

We are continuing to attempt to reduce our emissions as well as strengthen our commitments to reductions for our global operations. In 2022, the Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) approved Abbott's near-term science-based greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions reduction targets and classified our Scope 1 and 2 targets as aligning with a well-below 2°C trajectory.

Plan for achieving target, and progress made to the end of the reporting year

We aim to reduce absolute Scope 1 and 2 emissions 30% by 2030 (vs. 2018), with a program that targets reductions through:

- Operational energy efficiency and reduced energy demands
- Purchase of renewable energy
- Electrification of industrial processes, spaces and fleets
- · Conversion to cleaner fuel options
- Integration of sustainable engineering technologies and concepts into projects
- · Business and manufacturing site-specific carbon reduction goals

Throughout 2022, absolute Scope 1 and 2 emissions production decreased by 0.4% compared to 2021. When adjusted for sales, Scope 1 and 2 emissions decreased by 1.7% over this same period.

List the emissions reduction initiatives which contributed most to achieving this target

<Not Applicable>

Target reference number

Abs 2

Is this a science-based target?

Yes, and this target has been approved by the Science Based Targets initiative

Target ambition

Well-below 2°C aligned

Year target was set

2022

Target coverage

Company-wide

Scope(s)

Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method

<Not Applicable>

Scope 3 category(ies)

Category 1: Purchased goods and services

Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution

Base year

202

Base year Scope 1 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 2 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

6687000

Base year Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

1680000

Base year Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable:

Base year Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e) <Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 15: Investments emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Other (upstream) emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Other (downstream) emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year total Scope 3 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

8367000

Total base year emissions covered by target in all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e)

8367000

Base year Scope 1 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 1

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 2 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 2

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 1:

Purchased goods and services (metric tons CO2e)

82

Base year Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution (metric tons CO2e)

82

Base year Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Category 15: Investments emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 15: Investments (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Other (upstream) emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Other (upstream) (metric tons CO2e) <Not Applicable>

Base year Scope 3, Other (downstream) emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Other (downstream) (metric tons CO2e) <Not Applicable>

Base year total Scope 3 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3 (in all Scope 3 categories)

Base year emissions covered by target in all selected Scopes as % of total base year emissions in all selected Scopes

67

Target year

2026

Targeted reduction from base year (%)

Total emissions in target year covered by target in all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e) [auto-calculated]

<Calculated field>

Scope 1 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Scope 2 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

8146000

Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) <Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

2574000

Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Not Applicable

Scope 3, Category 15: Investments emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Other (upstream) emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Other (downstream) emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Total Scope 3 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

10720000

Total emissions in reporting year covered by target in all selected scopes (metric tons CO2e)

10720000

Does this target cover any land-related emissions?

Yes, it covers land-related and non-land related emissions (e.g. SBT approved before the release of FLAG target-setting guidance)

% of target achieved relative to base year [auto-calculated]

<Not Applicable>

Target status in reporting year

Underway

Please explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

As part of our 2030 Sustainability Plan, Abbott committed to engaging key carbon-intensive suppliers in implementing sustainable programs to reduce our Scope 3 emissions. In 2022, the SBTi approved Abbott's Scope 3 target, in which we commit that 82% of our suppliers by emissions covering purchased goods and services and upstream transportation and distribution will have SBTi-approved targets by 2026.

Plan for achieving target, and progress made to the end of the reporting year

As of year-end 2022, approximately 30% of our suppliers by emissions covering purchased goods and services and upstream transportation and distribution have SBTi-approved science-based targets, with about an additional 14% committing through the SBTi to adopt science-based targets.

List the emissions reduction initiatives which contributed most to achieving this target

<Not Applicable>

C4.2

(C4.2) Did you have any other climate-related targets that were active in the reporting year?

Other climate-related target(s)

C4.2b

(C4.2b) Provide details of any other climate-related targets, including methane reduction targets.

Target reference number

Oth 1

Year target was set

2020

Target coverage

Company-wide

Target type: absolute or intensity

Absolute

Target type: category & Metric (target numerator if reporting an intensity target)

Waste management

Other, please specify (Waste diversion rate (waste diverted from landfill and incineration without energy recovery) from operations)

Target denominator (intensity targets only)

<Not Applicable>

Base year

2020

Figure or percentage in base year

87.7

Target year

2030

Figure or percentage in target year

90

Figure or percentage in reporting year

90

% of target achieved relative to base year [auto-calculated]

100

Target status in reporting year

Underway

Is this target part of an emissions target?

No, this target is part of our overall 2030 Sustainability Plan, which includes an environmental management strategy for carbon, energy, water and waste. However, through achievement of this target Abbott would be able to maintain a smaller Scope 3 footprint related to the processing of our operational waste.

Is this target part of an overarching initiative?

No, it's not part of an overarching initiative

Please explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

Plan for achieving target, and progress made to the end of the reporting year

We are targeting a circular economy approach to reduce impacts from waste by 2030, aiming to achieve and maintain a waste diversion rate of at least 90%. In 2022, we reached a 90% rate by diverting 62% of materials to beneficial use, and a further 28% away from incineration without energy recovery and landfill.

List the actions which contributed most to achieving this target

<Not Applicable>

Target reference number

Oth 2

Year target was set

Target coverage

Company-wide

Target type: absolute or intensity

Absolute

Target type: category & Metric (target numerator if reporting an intensity target)

Waste management

Other, please specify (Number of manufacturing sites operating at zero-waste to landfill)

Target denominator (intensity targets only)

<Not Applicable>

Base year

2018

Figure or percentage in base year

26

Target year

2030

Figure or percentage in target year

39

Figure or percentage in reporting year

39

% of target achieved relative to base year [auto-calculated]

100

Target status in reporting year

Underway

Is this target part of an emissions target?

No, this target is part of our overall 2030 Sustainability Plan, which includes an environmental management strategy for carbon, energy, water and waste. However, through achievement of this target Abbott would be able to maintain a smaller Scope 3 footprint related to the processing of operational waste.

Is this target part of an overarching initiative?

No, it's not part of an overarching initiative

Please explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

Plan for achieving target, and progress made to the end of the reporting year

In 2022, two manufacturing facilities and four non-manufacturing facilities received Zero Waste-to-Landfill certification. This expands our total Zero Waste-to-Landfill program, which includes 39 manufacturing and 12 non-manufacturing facilities certified since our program began in 2012.

List the actions which contributed most to achieving this target

<Not Applicable>

Target reference number

Oth 3

Year target was set

2020

Target coverage

Company-wide

Target type: absolute or intensity

Absolute

Target type: category & Metric (target numerator if reporting an intensity target)

Resource consumption or efficiency

Other, please specify (Address 50 million pounds of packaging through high-impact sustainable design programs that employ circularity principles)

Target denominator (intensity targets only)

<Not Applicable>

Base year

2020

Figure or percentage in base year

0

Target year

2030

Figure or percentage in target year

50000000

Figure or percentage in reporting year

29586137

% of target achieved relative to base year [auto-calculated]

59.172274

Target status in reporting year

Underway

Is this target part of an emissions target?

No, this target is part of our overall 2030 Sustainability Plan, which includes a comprehensive environmental management strategy for carbon, energy, water and waste.

Is this target part of an overarching initiative?

No, it's not part of an overarching initiative

Please explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

Plan for achieving target, and progress made to the end of the reporting year

Our 2030 commitment is to address 50 million pounds of packaging through high-impact sustainable design programs that employ circularity principles. Sustainable Packaging Guiding Principles inform existing packaging upgrades and target new, more sustainable designs.

List the actions which contributed most to achieving this target

<Not Applicable>

Target reference number

Oth 4

Year target was set

2020

Target coverage

Company-wide

Target type: absolute or intensity

Please select

Target type: category & Metric (target numerator if reporting an intensity target)

Please select

Target denominator (intensity targets only)

<Not Applicable>

Base year

2020

Figure or percentage in base year

Target year

2030

Figure or percentage in target year

Figure or percentage in reporting year

% of target achieved relative to base year [auto-calculated]

<Calculated field>

Target status in reporting year

Underway

Is this target part of an emissions target?

No, this target is part of our overall 2030 Sustainability Plan, which includes an environmental management strategy for carbon, energy, water and waste. However, through achievement of this target Abbott will influence our Scope 3 emissions related to the processing of Abbott's and our suppliers' operational waste.

Is this target part of an overarching initiative?

No, it's not part of an overarching initiative

Please explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

Engage with key suppliers to reduce the environmental impact of materials sent to Abbott that become waste in our operations, and to develop and track supplier waste diversion initiatives.

This target works to engage key suppliers from across Abbott's supply base, encompassing Abbott businesses, to reduce the environmental impacts associated with Abbott and our suppliers' waste. Through achievement of this target Abbott would influence our Scope 3 emissions related to the processing of Abbott's and our suppliers' operational waste.

In 2022, Abbott engaged suppliers on waste management through various programs, including Abbott's Supplier Sustainability Due Diligence Program, Waste Vendor Assessment Program, and Chemicals & APIs Audit Program. Depending on the program, suppliers were asked to report on their waste management and targets. For example, through our Waste Vendor Assessment Program, Abbott partners with key suppliers to reduce the environmental impacts of materials sent to Abbott that become waste in our operations and to responsibly dispose of waste, including diverting as much as possible from landfill and incineration without energy recover. Our technical standard for vendor evaluation and approval mandates ethical, responsible waste management approaches and aims to minimize associated risks. For manufacturing sites producing over 1,200kg of hazardous waste annually, our Waste Vendor Assessment program requires waste vendor audits at least every five years. We also partner with various waste management suppliers to divert waste up the waste management hierarchy (i.e., from landfill to incineration with energy recovery to recycling to beneficial reuse).

Abbott established our inbound materials management target in December 2020.

Plan for achieving target, and progress made to the end of the reporting year

List the actions which contributed most to achieving this target

<Not Applicable>

CDF

(C4.3) Did you have emissions reduction initiatives that were active within the reporting year? Note that this can include those in the planning and/or implementation phases.

Yes

C4.3a

(C4.3a) Identify the total number of initiatives at each stage of development, and for those in the implementation stages, the estimated CO2e savings.

| | Number of initiatives | Total estimated annual CO2e savings in metric tonnes CO2e (only for rows marked *) |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Under investigation | 0 | 0 |
| To be implemented* | 54 | 11730 |
| Implementation commenced* | 20 | 2290 |
| Implemented* | 80 | 7030 |
| Not to be implemented | 0 | 0 |

C4.3b

(C4.3b) Provide details on the initiatives implemented in the reporting year in the table below.

Initiative category & Initiative type

Company policy or behavioral change Resource efficiency

Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)

10

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur

Scope 2 (location-based)

Voluntary/Mandatory

Voluntary

Annual monetary savings (unit currency - as specified in C0.4)

Investment required (unit currency - as specified in C0.4)

Payback period

<1 year

Estimated lifetime of the initiative

Ongoing

Comment

1 project

Initiative category & Initiative type

| Ene | ergy efficiency in buildings | Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning (HVAC) | |
|-----|------------------------------|--|--|
| | | | |

Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)

930

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur

Scope 1

Scope 2 (location-based)

Scope 2 (market-based)

Voluntary/Mandatory

Voluntary

Annual monetary savings (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

Investment required (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

Payback period

1-3 years

Estimated lifetime of the initiative

11-15 years

Comment

17 projects

Initiative category & Initiative type

Energy efficiency in buildings Insulation

Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)

70

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur

Scope 2 (location-based)

Voluntary/Mandatory

Voluntary

Annual monetary savings (unit currency - as specified in C0.4)

Investment required (unit currency - as specified in C0.4)

Payback period

4-10 years

Estimated lifetime of the initiative

11-15 years

Comment

2 projects

Initiative category & Initiative type

Energy efficiency in buildings

Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)

310

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur

Scope 2 (location-based) Scope 2 (market-based)

Voluntary/Mandatory

Voluntary

Annual monetary savings (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

Investment required (unit currency - as specified in C0.4)

Payback period

4-10 years

Estimated lifetime of the initiative

11-15 years

Comment

23 projects

Initiative category & Initiative type

Energy efficiency in buildings

Motors and drives

Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)

10

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur

Scope 2 (market-based)

Voluntary/Mandatory

Voluntary

Annual monetary savings (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

Investment required (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

Payback period

4-10 years

Estimated lifetime of the initiative

6-10 years

Comment

1 project

Initiative category & Initiative type

Energy efficiency in production processes Compressed air

Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)

210

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur

Scope 2 (location-based)

Scope 2 (market-based)

Voluntary/Mandatory

Voluntary

Annual monetary savings (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

Investment required (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

Payback period

1-3 years

Estimated lifetime of the initiative

6-10 years

Comment

8 projects

Initiative category & Initiative type

Energy efficiency in production processes

Electrification

Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)

1740

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur

Scope 1

Voluntary/Mandatory

Voluntary

Annual monetary savings (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

Investment required (unit currency - as specified in C0.4)

Payback period

<1 year

Estimated lifetime of the initiative

16-20 years

Comment

2 projects

Initiative category & Initiative type

Energy efficiency in production processes

Machine/equipment replacement

Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)

510

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur

Scope 2 (location-based)

Scope 2 (market-based)

Voluntary/Mandatory

Voluntary

Annual monetary savings (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

Investment required (unit currency - as specified in C0.4)

Payback period

21-25 years

Estimated lifetime of the initiative

11-15 years

Comment

6 projects

Initiative category & Initiative type

Energy efficiency in production processes

Process optimization

Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)

1320

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur

Scope 1

Scope 2 (location-based)

Scope 2 (market-based)

Voluntary/Mandatory

Voluntary

Annual monetary savings (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

Investment required (unit currency - as specified in C0.4)

Payback period

1-3 years

Estimated lifetime of the initiative

16-20 years

Comment

15 projects

Initiative category & Initiative type

Energy efficiency in production processes

Waste heat recovery

Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)

80

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur

Scope 1

Scope 2 (location-based)

Voluntary/Mandatory

Voluntary

Annual monetary savings (unit currency - as specified in C0.4)

Investment required (unit currency - as specified in C0.4)

Payback period

<1 year

Estimated lifetime of the initiative

3-5 years

Comment

2 projects

Initiative category & Initiative type

Low-carbon energy consumption

Hydropower (capacity unknown)

Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)

360

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur

Scope 2 (market-based)

Voluntary/Mandatory

Voluntary

Annual monetary savings (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

Investment required (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

Payback period

No payback

Estimated lifetime of the initiative

Ongoing

Comment 1 project

Initiative category & Initiative type

Low-carbon energy consumption

Low-carbon electricity mix

Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)

160

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur

Scope 2 (market-based)

Voluntary/Mandatory

Voluntary

Annual monetary savings (unit currency - as specified in C0.4)

Investment required (unit currency - as specified in C0.4)

Payback period

No payback

Estimated lifetime of the initiative

Ongoing

Comment

1 project

Initiative category & Initiative type

Non-energy industrial process emissions reductions

Process material substitution

Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)

1320

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur

Scope 1

Voluntary/Mandatory

Voluntary

Annual monetary savings (unit currency - as specified in C0.4)

Investment required (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

Payback period

No payback

Estimated lifetime of the initiative

Ongoing

Comment

1 project

C4.3c

(C4.3c) What methods do you use to drive investment in emissions reduction activities?

| Method | Comment |
|---|---|
| Employee engagement | Our efforts to improve environmental efficiency depend upon engaging employees in our organization. To help drive progress across our businesses and key functions, our annual EHS awards program is designed to drive greater engagement by recognizing exceptional performance by sites, teams and individuals. This includes awards for large and small sites with the best overall EHS performance for the year and outstanding initiatives. We encourage a culture of continuous improvement and share best practices through our energy, water, waste, and packaging Communities of Practices (CoPs). |
| | We also provide training to relevant employees on applicable EHS regulations and internal technical standards through both internal and external trainings and conferences. We promote EHS awareness and share best practices across Abbott throughout the year via dedicated campaigns that highlight environmental topics, as well as a monthly webinar series featuring subject matter experts and presentations from sites with high performance on our priority environment and energy issues. |
| Internal incentives/recognition programs | Abbott uses a variety of incentives for the management of climate change issues company-wide in order to drive performance improvement. To meet Abbott's 2030 environmental targets, each business unit sets and tracks progress towards individual environmental and energy goals on an annual basis. Incentives exist for a broad range of performance measures that may or may not include specific climate change language, but directly impact our climate change strategy and performance. For example, sites take goals and have incentives to comply with Abbott technical standards and guidelines that require CO2 and water risk management for which they are tracked and audited. Managers closer to direct management of climate change issues will have more specific goals that may include actions to reduce CO2e emissions needed to meet Abbott's established public GHG reduction target. In addition to this, we also work to recognize outstanding performance in our EHS programs, including environment and energy to build a culture of continuous improvement. Abbott's annual EHS awards program recognizes teams, sites and people that deliver such performance and motivates our teams to keep finding ways to improve, while also highlighting best practices throughout Abbott. |
| Compliance with regulatory requirements/standards | We take a systematic approach to continuous improvement in environmental performance through the required EHS management systems. This is based on Abbott's published EHS policy and internal management and technical standards, including: 1) Environment, Energy and Water policies detailing environmental commitments; 2) Corporate Environmental Standards and Guidelines governing our approach to meeting these commitments; 3) Supplier Guidelines and Environmental Procurement Guidelines outlining principles and expectations for business relationships; 4) Internal EHS Audit Program to help ensure compliance and continuous improvement. |
| | Technical and management experts regularly update Abbott policies and standards to reflect current environmental practices and regulatory changes as well as International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and regulatory requirements. |
| | Our comprehensive EHS audit program helps ensure that our sites comply with internal standards and regulatory requirements, as well as help to identify potential risks to the environment, our employees and the business. |
| | We also provide training to employees on applicable EHS regulations and internal technical standards through both internal and external trainings and conferences. |

C4.5

(C4.5) Do you classify any of your existing goods and/or services as low-carbon products?

No

C5. Emissions methodology

C5.1

(C5.1) Is this your first year of reporting emissions data to CDP?

No

CDP

(C5.1a) Has your organization undergone any structural changes in the reporting year, or are any previous structural changes being accounted for in this disclosure of emissions data?

Row 1

Has there been a structural change?

Nο

Name of organization(s) acquired, divested from, or merged with

<Not Applicable>

Details of structural change(s), including completion dates

<Not Applicable>

C5.1b

(C5.1b) Has your emissions accounting methodology, boundary, and/or reporting year definition changed in the reporting year?

| | Change(s) in methodology, boundary, and/or reporting year definition? | Details of methodology, boundary, and/or reporting year definition change(s) |
|-------|---|--|
| Row 1 | No | <not applicable=""></not> |

C5.2

(C5.2) Provide your base year and base year emissions.

Scope 1

Base year start

January 1 2018

Base year end

December 31 2018

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

536000

Comment

All environmental data has been adjusted to account for acquisitions and divestitures, in accordance with the methodology prescribed in the World Resources Institute/World Business Council for Sustainable Development (WRI/WBCSD) Greenhouse Gas Protocol (GHGP). We report data from acquisitions as soon as is practical. Per our environmental, health, and safety metric reporting protocols, metrics data published in previous years were adjusted in this report to reflect minor corrections, method adjustments, etc.

Scope 2 (location-based)

Base year start

January 1 2018

Base year end

December 31 2018

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

521000

Comment

All environmental data has been adjusted to account for acquisitions and divestitures, in accordance with the methodology prescribed in the World Resources Institute/World Business Council for Sustainable Development (WRI/WBCSD) Greenhouse Gas Protocol (GHGP). We report data from acquisitions as soon as is practical. Per our environmental, health, and safety metric reporting protocols, metrics data published in previous years were adjusted in this report to reflect minor corrections, method adjustments, etc.

Scope 2 (market-based)

Base year start

January 1 2018

Base year end

December 31 2018

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

445000

Comment

All environmental data has been adjusted to account for acquisitions and divestitures, in accordance with the methodology prescribed in the World Resources Institute/World Business Council for Sustainable Development (WRI/WBCSD) Greenhouse Gas Protocol (GHGP). We report data from acquisitions as soon as is practical. Per our environmental, health, and safety metric reporting protocols, metrics data published in previous years were adjusted in this report to reflect minor corrections, method adjustments, etc.

Scope 3 category 1: Purchased goods and services

Base year start

January 1 2021

Base year end

December 31 2021

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

6687000

Comment

Spend-Based - Calculation Methodology using the United Kingdom Department of Environment, Food and Rural Affairs' (Defra) "2014 Guidelines to Defra / DECC's GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting" ("Defra Guidelines"). Activity data includes Abbott spend-based taxonomy data mapped to Defra SIC Code and description. This spend-based data is sourced from our Abbott Global Purchasing Organization. The scope 3 emission inventory classification and calculations are consistent with the Greenhouse Gas Protocol using the 2014 Defra Spend Emission factors and IPCC Global Warming Potential (GWP) values published in IPCC Fifth Assessment Report.

Scope 3 category 2: Capital goods

Base year start

January 1 2021

Base year end

December 31 2021

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

471000

Comment

Spend-Based - Calculation Methodology using the United Kingdom Department of Environment, Food and Rural Affairs' (Defra) "2014 Guidelines to Defra / DECC's GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting" ("Defra Guidelines"). Activity data includes Abbott spend-based taxonomy data mapped to Defra SIC Code and description. This spend-based data is sourced from our Abbott Global Purchasing Organization. The scope 3 emission inventory classification and calculations are consistent with the Greenhouse Gas Protocol using the 2014 Defra Spend Emission factors and IPCC Global Warming Potential (GWP) values published in IPCC Fifth Assessment Report.

Scope 3 category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scope 1 or 2)

Base year start

January 1 2021

Base year end

December 31 2021

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

198000

Comment

Average Data Method for fuel-related activities. Activity data includes purchased and consumed fuels in our scope 1 boundary, using the United Kingdom Department of Environment, Food and Rural Affairs' (Defra) "Greenhouse gas reporting: conversion factors 2022". Average Data Method for electricity transportation, distribution, and transmission losses for purchased electricity in our scope 2 boundary, using Grid-region, country, or regional emission factors for extraction, production, transportation, and transmission loss rate per unit of consumption. Emission factors are consistent with the Greenhouse Gas Protocol and GWP values are consistent with those published in IPCC Fifth Assessment Report.

Scope 3 category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution

Base year start

January 1 2021

Base year end

December 31 2021

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

1680000

Comment

Spend-Based - Calculation Methodology using the United Kingdom Department of Environment, Food and Rural Affairs' (Defra) "2014 Guidelines to Defra / DECC's GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting" ("Defra Guidelines"). Activity data includes Abbott spend-based taxonomy data mapped to Defra SIC Code and description. This spend-based data is sourced from our Abbott Global Purchasing Organization. The scope 3 emission inventory classification and calculations are consistent with the Greenhouse Gas Protocol using the 2014 Defra Spend Emission factors and IPCC Global Warming Potential (GWP) values published in IPCC Fifth Assessment Report.

Scope 3 category 5: Waste generated in operations

Base year start

January 1 2021

Base year end

December 31 2021

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

18000

Comment

Solid Waste generated in operations using the Waste-Type Specific method. Abbott's activity data, global hazardous and non-hazardous waste data from operating facilities consists of quantity, fate, and type of waste. Carbon estimation was calculated using the United Kingdom Department of Environment, Food and Rural Affairs' (Defra) "Greenhouse gas reporting: conversion factors 2022", which contains emission factors for each type and fate of waste disposal. GWP values are consistent with those published in IPCC Fifth Assessment Report.

Scope 3 category 6: Business travel

Base year start

January 1 2021

Base year end

December 31 2021

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

89000

Comment

Distance-Based Method using activity data in total distance traveled by each mode. Additionally, a spend-based calculation methodology was applied to non-travel business travel spend using the United Kingdom Department of Environment, Food and Rural Affairs' (Defra) "2014 Guidelines to Defra / DECC's GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting" ("Defra Guidelines"). Activity data includes Abbott spend-based taxonomy data mapped to Defra SIC Code and description. This spend-based data is sourced from our Abbott Global Purchasing Organization. The scope 3 emission inventory classification and calculations are consistent with the Greenhouse Gas Protocol using the 2014 Defra Spend Emission factors and IPCC Global Warming Potential (GWP) values published in IPCC Fifth Assessment Report.

Scope 3 category 7: Employee commuting

Base year start

January 1 2021

Base year end

December 31 2021

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

192000

Comment

Scope 3 emissions from Employee Commuting were estimated using the Average-Data Method. Abbott conducted an informal global commuter survey, and the survey results were scaled up to represent the entire company.

Scope 3 category 8: Upstream leased assets

Base year start

January 1 2021

Base year end

December 31 2021

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

0

Comment

Abbott does not have emissions that fall under this category. Energy consumed in buildings and vehicles that are leased to Abbott are included in Scope 1 and 2, as Abbott assumes operational control over them.

Scope 3 category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution

Base year start

January 1 2021

Base year end

December 31 2021

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

0

Comment

Abbott pays for the majority of transportation of products to retailers and customers in efforts to control costs and are therefore considered upstream transportation and distribution. It is assumed that downstream transportation and distribution emissions are affiliated with retail space to store and sell products, which is marginal in the transportation and distribution category. Abbott's estimated Scope 3 footprint excludes known sources in Downstream Transportation, Processing of Sold Products, Use of Sold Products, and Investment categories. Collectively, these omissions are estimated to represent less than 4% of our total scope 3 footprint.

Scope 3 category 10: Processing of sold products

Base year start

January 1 2021

Base year end

December 31 2021

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

0

Comment

Abbott's estimated Scope 3 footprint excludes known sources in Downstream Transportation, Processing of Sold Products, Use of Sold Products, and Investment categories. Collectively, these omissions are estimated to represent less than 4% of our total Scope 3 footprint.

Scope 3 category 11: Use of sold products

Base year start

January 1 2021

Base year end

December 31 2021

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

681000

Comment

Energy/Accelerant Using Products Lifetime-Uses Method; Sum across electricity consumed from use of products. Abbott's activity data consists of quantities of products sold, expected uses of product(s), and/or electricity consumption per use of product. Carbon estimation was calculated using emission factors consistent with the Greenhouse Gas Protocol and GWP values are consistent with those published in IPCC Fifth Assessment Report. Abbott produces products which consume energy to operate (e.g., diagnostics devices). Emissions related to energy consumption for these products were considered in the calculation of this scope 3 category. Abbott's estimated Scope 3 footprint excludes known sources in Downstream Transportation, Processing of Sold Products, Use of Sold Products, and Investment categories. Collectively, these omissions are estimated to represent less than 4% of our total scope 3 footprint.

Scope 3 category 12: End of life treatment of sold products

Base year start

January 1 2021

Base year end

December 31 2021

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

227000

Comment

Sustainability Consortium Open IO Life Cycle tool which uses estimations for Abbott's main product sectors. Emission factors are consistent with the Greenhouse Gas Protocol and GWP values are consistent with those published in IPCC Fifth Assessment Report.

Scope 3 category 13: Downstream leased assets

Base year start

January 1 2021

Base year end

December 31 2021

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

0

Comment

Not relevant. Energy consumed in buildings and vehicles that are leased to Abbott are included in Scope 1 and 2.

Scope 3 category 14: Franchises

Base year start

January 1 2021

Base year end

December 31 2021

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

0

Comment

Not relevant. Abbott does not have emissions that fall under this category.

Scope 3 category 15: Investments

Base year start

January 1 2021

Base year end

December 31 2021

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

0

Comment

Not relevant. Abbott does not have emissions that fall under this category.

Scope 3: Other (upstream)

Base year start

January 1 2021

Base year end

December 31 2021

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

0

Comment

Abbott calculates applicable Scope 3 Categories identified by the WRI GHG protocol.

Scope 3: Other (downstream)

Base year start

January 1 2021

Base year end

December 31 2021

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

0

Comment

Abbott calculates applicable Scope 3 Categories identified by the WRI GHG protocol.

C5.3

(C5.3) Select the name of the standard, protocol, or methodology you have used to collect activity data and calculate emissions.

The Greenhouse Gas Protocol: A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard (Revised Edition)

The Greenhouse Gas Protocol: Scope 2 Guidance

The Greenhouse Gas Protocol: Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Standard

C6. Emissions data

C6.1

(C6.1) What were your organization's gross global Scope 1 emissions in metric tons CO2e?

Reporting year

Gross global Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

530000

Start date

January 1 2022

End date

December 31 2022

Comment

Past year 1

Gross global Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

536000

Start date

January 1 2021

End date

December 31 2021

Comment

Past year 2

Gross global Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

499000

Start date

January 1 2020

End date

December 31 2020

Comment

Past year 3

Gross global Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

541000

Start date

January 1 2019

End date

December 31 2019

Comment

C6.2

CDP

(C6.2) Describe your organization's approach to reporting Scope 2 emissions.

Row 1

Scope 2, location-based

We are reporting a Scope 2, location-based figure

Scope 2, market-based

We are reporting a Scope 2, market-based figure

Comment

Reported Scope 2 sources consist of energy directly purchased by Abbott, such as electricity, steam, and hot and chilled water, as well as emissions from leased locations. Unless specified otherwise, emissions are calculated according to the GHGP Scope 2 market-based method.

All environmental data has been adjusted to account for acquisitions and divestitures, in accordance with the methodology prescribed in the World Resources Institute/World Business Council for Sustainable Development (WRI/WBCSD) Greenhouse Gas Protocol (GHGP).

C6.3

(C6.3) What were your organization's gross global Scope 2 emissions in metric tons CO2e?

Reporting year

Scope 2, location-based

476000

Scope 2, market-based (if applicable)

399000

Start date

January 1 2022

End date

December 31 2022

Comment

Past year 1

Scope 2, location-based

478000

Scope 2, market-based (if applicable)

397000

Start date

January 1 2021

End date

December 31 2021

Comment

Past year 2

Scope 2, location-based

479000

Scope 2, market-based (if applicable)

402000

Start date

January 1 2020

End date

December 31 2020

Comment

Past year 3

Scope 2, location-based

502000

Scope 2, market-based (if applicable)

423000

Start date

January 1 2019

End date

December 31 2019

Comment

C6.4

CDP

(C6.4) Are there any sources (e.g. facilities, specific GHGs, activities, geographies, etc.) of Scope 1, Scope 2 or Scope 3 emissions that are within your selected reporting boundary which are not included in your disclosure?

Nο

C6.5

(C6.5) Account for your organization's gross global Scope 3 emissions, disclosing and explaining any exclusions.

Purchased goods and services

Evaluation status

Relevant calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

8146000

Emissions calculation methodology

Spend-based method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

0

Please explain

Spend-Based - Calculation Methodology using the United Kingdom Department of Environment, Food and Rural Affairs' (Defra) "2014 Guidelines to Defra / DECC's GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting" ("Defra Guidelines"). Activity data includes Abbott spend-based taxonomy data mapped to Defra SIC Code and description. This spend-based data is sourced from our Abbott Global Purchasing Organization. The scope 3 emission inventory classification and calculations are consistent with the Greenhouse Gas Protocol using the 2014 Defra Spend Emission factors and IPCC Global Warming Potential (GWP) values published in IPCC Fifth Assessment Report.

Capital goods

Evaluation status

Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

596000

Emissions calculation methodology

Spend-based method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

0

Please explain

Spend-Based - Calculation Methodology using the United Kingdom Department of Environment, Food and Rural Affairs' (Defra) "2014 Guidelines to Defra / DECC's GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting" ("Defra Guidelines"). Activity data includes Abbott spend-based taxonomy data mapped to Defra SIC Code and description. This spend-based data is sourced from our Abbott Global Purchasing Organization. The scope 3 emission inventory classification and calculations are consistent with the Greenhouse Gas Protocol using the 2014 Defra Spend Emission factors and IPCC Global Warming Potential (GWP) values published in IPCC Fifth Assessment Report.

Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scope 1 or 2)

Evaluation status

Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

248000

Emissions calculation methodology

Average data method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

0

Please explain

Average Data Method for fuel-related activities. Activity data includes purchased and consumed fuels in our scope 1 boundary, using the United Kingdom Department of Environment, Food and Rural Affairs' (Defra) "Greenhouse gas reporting: conversion factors 2022". Average Data Method for electricity transportation, distribution, and transmission losses for purchased electricity in our scope 2 boundary, using Grid-region, country, or regional emission factors for extraction, production, transportation, and transmission loss rate per unit of consumption. Emission factors are consistent with the Greenhouse Gas Protocol and GWP values are consistent with those published in IPCC Fifth Assessment Report.

Upstream transportation and distribution

Evaluation status

Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

2574000

Emissions calculation methodology

Spend-based method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

0

Please explain

Spend-Based - Calculation Methodology using the United Kingdom Department of Environment, Food and Rural Affairs' (Defra) "2014 Guidelines to Defra / DECC's GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting" ("Defra Guidelines"). Activity data includes Abbott spend-based taxonomy data mapped to Defra SIC Code and description. This spend-based data is sourced from our Abbott Global Purchasing Organization. The scope 3 emission inventory classification and calculations are consistent with the Greenhouse Gas Protocol using the 2014 Defra Spend Emission factors and IPCC Global Warming Potential (GWP) values published in IPCC Fifth Assessment Report.

Waste generated in operations

Evaluation status

Relevant calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

10000

Emissions calculation methodology

Waste-type-specific method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

0

Please explain

Solid Waste generated in operations using the Waste-Type Specific method. Abbott's activity data, global hazardous and non-hazardous waste data from operating facilities consists of quantity, fate, and type of waste. Carbon estimation was calculated using the United Kingdom Department of Environment, Food and Rural Affairs' (Defra) "Greenhouse gas reporting: conversion factors 2022", which contains emission factors for each type and fate of waste disposal. GWP values are consistent with those published in IPCC Fifth Assessment Report.

Business travel

Evaluation status

Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

202000

Emissions calculation methodology

Hybrid method

Spend-based method

Distance-based method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

0

Please explain

Distance-Based Method using activity data in total distance traveled by each mode. Additionally, a spend-based calculation methodology was applied to non-travel business travel spend using the United Kingdom Department of Environment, Food and Rural Affairs' (Defra) "2014 Guidelines to Defra / DECC's GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting" ("Defra Guidelines"). Activity data includes Abbott spend-based taxonomy data mapped to Defra SIC Code and description. This spend-based data is sourced from our Abbott Global Purchasing Organization. The scope 3 emission inventory classification and calculations are consistent with the Greenhouse Gas Protocol using the 2014 Defra Spend Emission factors and IPCC Global Warming Potential (GWP) values published in IPCC Fifth Assessment Report.

Employee commuting

Evaluation status

Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

196000

Emissions calculation methodology

Distance-based method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

0

Please explain

Emissions were estimated using the calculation factor utilized by the GHG Protocol Quantis Scope 3 Evaluator methodology/tool applied to Abbott's headcount reported in annual reports.

Upstream leased assets

Evaluation status

Not relevant, explanation provided

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology

<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

<Not Applicable>

Please explain

Energy consumed in buildings and vehicles that are leased to Abbott are included in Scope 1 and 2.

Downstream transportation and distribution

Evaluation status

Not relevant, explanation provided

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology

<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

<Not Applicable>

Please explain

Abbott pays for the majority of transportation of products to retailers and customers and are therefore considered upstream transportation and distribution. It is assumed that downstream transportation and distribution emissions are affiliated with retail space to store and sell products, which is marginal in the transportation and distribution category. Abbott's estimated Scope 3 footprint excludes known sources in Downstream Transportation, Processing of Sold Products, Use of Sold Products, and Investment categories. Collectively, these omissions are estimated to represent less than 4% of our total scope 3 footprint.

Processing of sold products

Evaluation status

Not relevant, explanation provided

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology

<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

<Not Applicable>

Please explain

Abbott assumes that the majority of its products are not further processed after they leave Abbott's manufacturing facilities. Abbott's estimated Scope 3 footprint excludes known sources in Downstream Transportation, Processing of Sold Products, Use of Sold Products, and Investment categories. Collectively, these omissions are estimated to represent less than 4% of our total scope 3 footprint.

Use of sold products

Evaluation status

Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

643000

Emissions calculation methodology

Methodology for direct use phase emissions, please specify (Energy/Accelerant Using Products Lifetime-Uses Method)

Other, please specify (Abbott's estimated Scope 3 footprint excludes known sources in Use of Sold Products category. Collectively, omissions are estimated to represent less than 4% of our total scope 3 footprint.)

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

0

Please explain

Energy/Accelerant Using Products Lifetime-Uses Method; Sum across electricity consumed from use of products. Abbott's activity data consists of quantities of products sold, expected uses of product(s), and/or electricity consumption per use of product. Carbon estimation was calculated using emission factors consistent with the Greenhouse Gas Protocol and GWP values are consistent with those published in IPCC Fifth Assessment Report. Abbott produces products which consume energy to operate (e.g., diagnostics devices). Emissions related to energy consumption for these products were considered in the calculation of this scope 3 category. Abbott's estimated Scope 3 footprint excludes known sources in Downstream Transportation, Processing of Sold Products, Use of Sold Products, and Investment categories. Collectively, these omissions are estimated to represent less than 4% of our total scope 3 footprint.

End of life treatment of sold products

Evaluation status

Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

214000

Emissions calculation methodology

Other, please specify (Sustainability Consortium Open IO Life Cycle tool)

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

0

Please explain

Sustainability Consortium Open IO Life Cycle tool which uses estimations for Abbott's main product sectors. Emission factors are consistent with the Greenhouse Gas Protocol and GWP values are consistent with those published in IPCC Fifth Assessment Report.

Downstream leased assets

Evaluation status

Not relevant, explanation provided

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology

<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

<Not Applicable>

Please explain

Energy consumed in buildings and vehicles that are leased to Abbott are included in Scope 1 and 2.

Franchises

Evaluation status

Not relevant, explanation provided

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology

<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

<Not Applicable>

Please explain

This emission source is not relevant to Abbott operations.

Investments

Evaluation status

Not relevant, explanation provided

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology

<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

<Not Applicable>

Please explain

Abbott's estimated Scope 3 footprint excludes known sources in Downstream Transportation, Processing of Sold Products, Use of Sold Products, and Investment categories. Collectively, these omissions are estimated to represent less than 4% of our total scope 3 footprint.

Other (upstream)

Evaluation status

Not evaluated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology

<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

<Not Applicable>

Please explain

Other (downstream) **Evaluation status** Not evaluated Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e) <Not Applicable> **Emissions calculation methodology** <Not Applicable> Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners <Not Applicable> Please explain C6.7 (C6.7) Are carbon dioxide emissions from biogenic carbon relevant to your organization? C6.7a (C6.7a) Provide the emissions from biogenic carbon relevant to your organization in metric tons CO2. CO2 emissions from biogenic carbon (metric tons CO2) C6.10 (C6.10) Describe your gross global combined Scope 1 and 2 emissions for the reporting year in metric tons CO2e per unit currency total revenue and provide any additional intensity metrics that are appropriate to your business operations. Intensity figure 21 Metric numerator (Gross global combined Scope 1 and 2 emissions, metric tons CO2e) Metric denominator unit total revenue Metric denominator: Unit total 43653 Scope 2 figure used Market-based % change from previous year 1.7 Direction of change Decreased Reason(s) for change Other emissions reduction activities Change in revenue Please explain

C7. Emissions breakdowns

C7.1

(C7.1) Does your organization break down its Scope 1 emissions by greenhouse gas type?

Yes

C7.1a

(C7.1a) Break down your total gross global Scope 1 emissions by greenhouse gas type and provide the source of each used greenhouse warming potential (GWP).

| Greenhouse gas | Scope 1 emissions (metric tons of CO2e) | GWP Reference |
|----------------|---|---|
| CO2 | 515000 | IPCC Fifth Assessment Report (AR5 – 100 year) |
| CH4 | 400 | IPCC Fifth Assessment Report (AR5 – 100 year) |
| N2O | 1000 | IPCC Fifth Assessment Report (AR5 – 100 year) |
| HFCs | 14000 | IPCC Fifth Assessment Report (AR5 – 100 year) |
| PFCs | 0 | IPCC Fifth Assessment Report (AR5 – 100 year) |
| SF6 | 0 | IPCC Fifth Assessment Report (AR5 – 100 year) |
| NF3 | 3 | IPCC Fifth Assessment Report (AR5 – 100 year) |

C7.2

(C7.2) Break down your total gross global Scope 1 emissions by country/area/region.

| Country/area/region | Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e) |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| Argentina | 3000 |
| Belgium | 40 |
| Brazil | 4000 |
| Canada | 10000 |
| Chile | 100 |
| China | 7000 |
| Colombia | 800 |
| Costa Rica | 200 |
| Germany | 11000 |
| India | 19000 |
| Indonesia | 900 |
| Ireland | 32000 |
| Japan | 0 |
| Malaysia | 80 |
| Mexico | 11000 |
| Netherlands | 31000 |
| Pakistan | 17000 |
| Peru | 200 |
| Puerto Rico | 800 |
| Russian Federation | 10000 |
| Singapore | 22000 |
| Spain | 6000 |
| United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland | 3000 |
| United States of America | 209000 |
| Viet Nam | 200 |
| Latin America and Caribbean (LAC) | 13000 |
| Europe, Middle East and Africa (EMEA) | 33000 |
| Asia Pacific (or JAPA) | 43000 |
| Republic of Korea | 400 |
| North America | 42000 |
| Norway | 30 |

C7.3

(C7.3) Indicate which gross global Scope 1 emissions breakdowns you are able to provide.

By business division

C7.3a

(C7.3a) Break down your total gross global Scope 1 emissions by business division.

| Business division | Scope 1 emissions (metric ton CO2e) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Diagnostics | 39000 |
| Corporate & Commercial Operations | 187000 |
| Established Pharmaceuticals | 83000 |
| Medical Devices | 25000 |
| Nutrition | 195000 |

(C7.5) Break down your total gross global Scope 2 emissions by country/area/region.

| Country/area/region | Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e) | Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e) |
|--|--|--|
| China | 21000 | 21000 |
| India | 37000 | 23000 |
| Indonesia | 3000 | 3000 |
| Japan | 2000 | 2000 |
| Republic of Korea | 4000 | 4000 |
| Malaysia | 10000 | 10000 |
| Pakistan | 9000 | 9000 |
| Singapore | 21000 | 21000 |
| Viet Nam | 3000 | 3000 |
| Argentina | 4000 | 4000 |
| Brazil | 2000 | 2000 |
| Chile | 3000 | 3000 |
| Colombia | 3000 | 3000 |
| Costa Rica | 200 | 200 |
| Mexico | 1000 | 1000 |
| Peru | 1000 | 1000 |
| Puerto Rico | 11000 | 11000 |
| Belgium | 50 | 60 |
| Germany | 11000 | 2000 |
| Ireland | 17000 | 400 |
| Netherlands | 33000 | 0 |
| Norway | 60 | 0 |
| Russian Federation | 10000 | 10000 |
| Spain | 3000 | 4000 |
| Switzerland | 20 | 20 |
| United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland | 5000 | 8000 |
| Canada | 6000 | 6000 |
| United States of America | 214000 | 205000 |
| Asia Pacific (or JAPA) | 28000 | 28000 |
| Latin America and Caribbean (LAC) | 3000 | 3000 |
| Europe, Middle East and Africa (EMEA) | 4000 | 4000 |
| North America | 7000 | 7000 |

C7.6

(C7.6) Indicate which gross global Scope 2 emissions breakdowns you are able to provide.

By business division

C7.6a

(C7.6a) Break down your total gross global Scope 2 emissions by business division.

| Business division | Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e) | Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e) |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Diagnostics | 85000 | 78000 |
| Corporate & Commercial Operations | 71000 | 71000 |
| Established Pharmaceuticals | 90000 | 53000 |
| Medical Devices | 78000 | 64000 |
| Nutrition | 152000 | 134000 |

C7.7

(C7.7) Is your organization able to break down your emissions data for any of the subsidiaries included in your CDP response?

C7.9

(C7.9) How do your gross global emissions (Scope 1 and 2 combined) for the reporting year compare to those of the previous reporting year?

Decreased

C7.9a

(C7.9a) Identify the reasons for any change in your gross global emissions (Scope 1 and 2 combined), and for each of them specify how your emissions compare to the previous year.

| | (metric | of change | Emissions value (percentage) | Please explain calculation |
|---|---------|-----------|------------------------------------|---|
| Change in renewable energy consumption | 0 | No change | 0 | Renewable energy consumption is about the same as last year. Our ongoing Renewable Energy Procurement initiative drives efforts to increase use of renewables. In 2022, we purchased 180 million kWh of low-carbon and renewable energy, resulting in savings of about 76,500 metric tons of CO2e. These savings were complemented by the roughly 2.6 million kWh generated from solar installations at 10 of our sites. |
| Other emissions reduction activities | 4000 | Decreased | 0.4 | In 2022, we implemented 80 energy efficiency and air emissions projects at 33 manufacturing and R&D sites in 14 countries. These projects resulted in approximately \$2,771,000 annual cost savings and approximately 27 million kilowatt-hours in annual energy savings and prevented approximately 7,000 metric tons of carbon emissions. As a result, we realized an approximate 4,000 metric ton reduction in 2022. In several cases, we achieved significant savings by upgrading and optimizing building control technologies, HVAC systems, and manufacturing processes and equipment. |
| Divestment | 0 | No change | 0 | Not applicable |
| Acquisitions | 0 | No change | 0 | Not applicable |
| Mergers | 0 | No change | 0 | Not applicable |
| Change in output | 0 | No change | 0 | Not applicable |
| Change in methodology | 0 | No change | 0 | Not applicable |
| Change in boundary | 0 | No change | 0 | Not applicable |
| Change in physical operating conditions | 0 | No change | 0 | Not applicable |
| Unidentified | 0 | No change | 0 | Not applicable |
| Other | 0 | No change | 0 | Not applicable |

C7.9b

(C7.9b) Are your emissions performance calculations in C7.9 and C7.9a based on a location-based Scope 2 emissions figure or a market-based Scope 2 emissions figure?

Market-based

C8. Energy

C8.1

(C8.1) What percentage of your total operational spend in the reporting year was on energy?

More than 0% but less than or equal to 5%

C8.2

(C8.2) Select which energy-related activities your organization has undertaken.

| | Indicate whether your organization undertook this energy-related activity in the reporting year |
|--|---|
| Consumption of fuel (excluding feedstocks) | Yes |
| Consumption of purchased or acquired electricity | Yes |
| Consumption of purchased or acquired heat | Yes |
| Consumption of purchased or acquired steam | Yes |
| Consumption of purchased or acquired cooling | Yes |
| Generation of electricity, heat, steam, or cooling | Yes |

C8.2a

(C8.2a) Report your organization's energy consumption totals (excluding feedstocks) in MWh.

| | Heating value | MWh from renewable sources | MWh from non-renewable sources | Total (renewable and non-renewable) MWh |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Consumption of fuel (excluding feedstock) | HHV (higher heating value) | 2000 | 2624000 | 2626000 |
| Consumption of purchased or acquired electricity | <not applicable=""></not> | 180000 | 1112000 | 1292000 |
| Consumption of purchased or acquired heat | <not applicable=""></not> | 0 | 2000 | 2000 |
| Consumption of purchased or acquired steam | <not applicable=""></not> | 0 | 14000 | 14000 |
| Consumption of purchased or acquired cooling | <not applicable=""></not> | 0 | 7000 | 7000 |
| Consumption of self-generated non-fuel renewable energy | <not applicable=""></not> | 3000 | <not applicable=""></not> | 3000 |
| Total energy consumption | <not applicable=""></not> | 185000 | 3759000 | 3944000 |

C8.2b

(C8.2b) Select the applications of your organization's consumption of fuel.

| | Indicate whether your organization undertakes this fuel application |
|---|---|
| Consumption of fuel for the generation of electricity | Yes |
| Consumption of fuel for the generation of heat | Yes |
| Consumption of fuel for the generation of steam | Yes |
| Consumption of fuel for the generation of cooling | Yes |
| Consumption of fuel for co-generation or tri-generation | Yes |

C8.2c

(C8.2c) State how much fuel in MWh your organization has consumed (excluding feedstocks) by fuel type.

Sustainable biomass

Heating value

HHV

Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization

0

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

0

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

0

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam

0

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling

0

MWh fuel consumed for self- cogeneration or self-trigeneration

0

Comment

None

Other biomass

Heating value

HHV

Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization

2000

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

0

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

0

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} {\bf MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam} \\ 0 \end{tabular}$

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling

MWh fuel consumed for self- cogeneration or self-trigeneration

0

Comment

CDP

Other renewable fuels (e.g. renewable hydrogen) Heating value HHV Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling MWh fuel consumed for self- cogeneration or self-trigeneration Comment None Coal Heating value HHVTotal fuel MWh consumed by the organization MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling MWh fuel consumed for self- cogeneration or self-trigeneration Comment None Oil Heating value HHV Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

0

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling

MWh fuel consumed for self- cogeneration or self-trigeneration

0

Comment

Quantity is for stationary sources, diesel oil #2 and oil #6.

Gas

Heating value

HHV

Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization

1999000

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

0

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

0

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam

0

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling

0

MWh fuel consumed for self- cogeneration or self-trigeneration

Ω

Comment

Quantity is for stationary sources utilizing natural gas. Allocation data to cogen vs non cogen purposes is not available.

Other non-renewable fuels (e.g. non-renewable hydrogen)

Heating value

HHV

Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization

587130

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

0

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

0

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam

0

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling

0

MWh fuel consumed for self- cogeneration or self-trigeneration

0

Comment

Quantity includes LNG, propane, LPG, E85, gasoline and diesel for mobile sources, jet fuel, kerosene and petcoke totals.

Total fuel

Heating value

HHV

Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization

2626130

. . . .

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling

0

MWh fuel consumed for self- cogeneration or self-trigeneration

0

Comment

C8.2d

(C8.2d) Provide details on the electricity, heat, steam, and cooling your organization has generated and consumed in the reporting year.

| | | Generation that is consumed by the organization (MWh) | _ | Generation from renewable sources that is consumed by the organization (MWh) |
|-------------|-------|---|------|--|
| Electricity | 37000 | 37000 | 3000 | 3000 |
| Heat | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Steam | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cooling | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

(C8.2e) Provide details on the electricity, heat, steam, and/or cooling amounts that were accounted for at a zero or near-zero emission factor in the market-based Scope 2 figure reported in C6.3.

Country/area of low-carbon energy consumption

Germany

Sourcing method

Unbundled procurement of energy attribute certificates (EACs)

Energy carrier

Electricity

Low-carbon technology type

Hydropower (capacity unknown)

Low-carbon energy consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)

27000

Tracking instrument used

GO

Country/area of origin (generation) of the low-carbon energy or energy attribute

Please select

Are you able to report the commissioning or re-powering year of the energy generation facility?

No

Commissioning year of the energy generation facility (e.g. date of first commercial operation or repowering)

<Not Applicable>

Comment

Country/area of low-carbon energy consumption

Ireland

Sourcing method

Retail supply contract with an electricity supplier (retail green electricity)

Energy carrier

Electricity

Low-carbon technology type

Renewable energy mix, please specify

Low-carbon energy consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)

57000

Tracking instrument used

No instrument used

Country/area of origin (generation) of the low-carbon energy or energy attribute

Please select

Are you able to report the commissioning or re-powering year of the energy generation facility?

No

Commissioning year of the energy generation facility (e.g. date of first commercial operation or repowering)

<Not Applicable>

Comment

Country/area of low-carbon energy consumption

Netherlands

Sourcing method

Unbundled procurement of energy attribute certificates (EACs)

Energy carrier

Electricity

Low-carbon technology type

Hydropower (capacity unknown)

Low-carbon energy consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)

88000

Tracking instrument used

GO

Country/area of origin (generation) of the low-carbon energy or energy attribute

Please select

Are you able to report the commissioning or re-powering year of the energy generation facility?

No

Commissioning year of the energy generation facility (e.g. date of first commercial operation or repowering)

<Not Applicable>

Comment

Country/area of low-carbon energy consumption

Norway

Sourcing method

Unbundled procurement of energy attribute certificates (EACs)

Energy carrier

Electricity

Low-carbon technology type

Hydropower (capacity unknown)

Low-carbon energy consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)

5000

Tracking instrument used

GO

Country/area of origin (generation) of the low-carbon energy or energy attribute

Please select

Are you able to report the commissioning or re-powering year of the energy generation facility?

No

Commissioning year of the energy generation facility (e.g. date of first commercial operation or repowering)

<Not Applicable>

Comment

Country/area of low-carbon energy consumption

United States of America

Sourcing method

Unbundled procurement of energy attribute certificates (EACs)

Energy carrier

Electricity

Low-carbon technology type

Wind

Low-carbon energy consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)

2000

Tracking instrument used

US-REC

Country/area of origin (generation) of the low-carbon energy or energy attribute

United States of America

Are you able to report the commissioning or re-powering year of the energy generation facility?

Yes

Commissioning year of the energy generation facility (e.g. date of first commercial operation or repowering)

2014

Comment

Country/area of low-carbon energy consumption

United States of America

Sourcing method

Retail supply contract with an electricity supplier (retail green electricity)

Energy carrier

Electricity

Low-carbon technology type

Renewable energy mix, please specify (Biomass & biowaste, geothermal, hydroelectric, solar, wind)

Low-carbon energy consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)

5500

Tracking instrument used

No instrument used

Country/area of origin (generation) of the low-carbon energy or energy attribute

United States of America

Are you able to report the commissioning or re-powering year of the energy generation facility?

No

Commissioning year of the energy generation facility (e.g. date of first commercial operation or repowering)

<Not Applicable>

Comment

Country/area of low-carbon energy consumption

India

Sourcing method

Retail supply contract with an electricity supplier (retail green electricity)

Energy carrier

Electricity

Low-carbon technology type

Hydropower (capacity unknown)

Low-carbon energy consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)

22000

Tracking instrument used

No instrument used

Country/area of origin (generation) of the low-carbon energy or energy attribute

India

Are you able to report the commissioning or re-powering year of the energy generation facility?

Νo

Commissioning year of the energy generation facility (e.g. date of first commercial operation or repowering)

<Not Applicable>

Comment

87% is green power

Country/area of low-carbon energy consumption

United States of America

Sourcing method

Default delivered electricity from the grid (e.g. standard product offering by an energy supplier) from a grid that is 95% or more low-carbon and where there is no mechanism for specifically allocating low-carbon electricity

Energy carrier

Electricity

Low-carbon technology type

Renewable energy mix, please specify (Biomass & biowaste, geothermal, hydroelectric, solar, wind)

Low-carbon energy consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)

4600

Tracking instrument used

No instrument used

Country/area of origin (generation) of the low-carbon energy or energy attribute

United States of America

Are you able to report the commissioning or re-powering year of the energy generation facility?

No

Commissioning year of the energy generation facility (e.g. date of first commercial operation or repowering)

<Not Applicable>

Comment

Country/area of low-carbon energy consumption

United States of America

Sourcing method

Other, please specify (Default delivered electricity from the grid (e.g. standard product offering by an energy supplier) from a grid that is about 50% carbon-free)

Energy carrier

Electricity

Low-carbon technology type

Renewable energy mix, please specify (Wind, solar, other renewable)

Low-carbon energy consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)

37300

Tracking instrument used

No instrument used

Country/area of origin (generation) of the low-carbon energy or energy attribute

United States of America

Are you able to report the commissioning or re-powering year of the energy generation facility?

No

Commissioning year of the energy generation facility (e.g. date of first commercial operation or repowering)

<Not Applicable>

Comment

CDP

C8.2a (C8.2g) Provide a breakdown by country/area of your non-fuel energy consumption in the reporting year. Country/area China Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh) Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? <Not Applicable> Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated] 42080 Country/area Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh) 51000 Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh) Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? <Not Applicable> Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated] 51100 Country/area Indonesia Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh) Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? <Not Applicable> Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0 Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0 Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated] 4000 Country/area Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh) Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? <Not Applicable> Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]

Country/area

Republic of Korea

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

18000

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment?

<Not Applicable>

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]

18000

Country/area

Malaysia

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

15000

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment?

<Not Applicable>

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]

15000

Country/area

Pakistan

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

26000

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

2000

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment?

<Not Applicable>

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]

28000

Country/area

Singapore

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

54000

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment?

<Not Applicable>

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]

54000

Country/area

Viet Nam

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment?

<Not Applicable>

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]

5000

Country/area

Argentina

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

12000

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment?

<Not Applicable>

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

U

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

U

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]

12000

Country/area

Brazil

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

18000

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

2000

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment?

<Not Applicable>

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]

20000

Country/area

Chile

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

7000

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment?

<Not Applicable>

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

Ŭ

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]

7000

Country/area

Colombia

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

14000

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? <Not Applicable> Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated] 14000 Country/area Costa Rica Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh) Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? <Not Applicable> Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated] 28000 Country/area Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh) Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? <Not Applicable> Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated] 14100 Country/area Peru Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh) 6000 Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh) Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? <Not Applicable> Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated] 6000 Country/area Puerto Rico Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh) Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 9000

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]

24000

Country/area

Belgium

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

300

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

300

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment?

<Not Applicable>

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]

600

Country/area

Germany

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

30000

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

6010

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment?

<Not Applicable>

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

2300

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

U

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]

38310

Country/area

Ireland

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

57900

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

17000

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment?

<Not Applicable>

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]

74900

Country/area

Netherlands

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

88000

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

400

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment?

<Not Applicable>

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]

88400

Country/area

Norway

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

5000

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment?

<Not Applicable>

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]

5000

Country/area

Russian Federation

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

26000

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment?

<Not Applicable>

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

U

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]

26000

Country/area

Spain

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

13000

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment?

<Not Applicable>

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

401

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]

13401

Country/area

Switzerland

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

700

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment?

<Not Applicable>

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]

700

Country/area

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment?

<Not Applicable>

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]

24000

Country/area

Canada

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

45000

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment?

<Not Applicable>

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

U

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

U

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]

45000

Country/area

United States of America

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

560000

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

40

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment?

<Not Applicable>

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]

560040

Country/area

Other, please specify (Asia Pacific (or JAPA))

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

45000

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment?

<Not Applicable>

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]

45000

Country/area

Other, please specify (Latin America and Caribbean (LAC))

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

14000

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

| Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? <not applicable=""></not> |
|--|
| Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) |
| Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) |
| Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated] 14000 |
| Country/area Other, please specify (Europe, Middle East and Africa (EMEA)) |
| Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh) 16000 |
| Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh) 0 |
| Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? <not applicable=""></not> |
| Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) |
| Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) |
| Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated] 16000 |
| Country/area Other, please specify (North America) |
| Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh) 20000 |
| Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh) |
| Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? <not applicable=""></not> |
| Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) |
| Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) |
| Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated] 20000 |
| |
| 9. Additional metrics |
| 0.4 |
| 9.1 |

C

CS

(C9.1) Provide any additional climate-related metrics relevant to your business.

Description

Energy usage

Metric value

52

Metric numerator

0/2

Metric denominator (intensity metric only)

% change from previous year

Λ

Direction of change

No change

Please explain

% of manufacturing sites had been certified under ISO 14001:2015 — Environmental Management Systems — and/or ISO 50001:2018 — Energy Management Systems — standards

Description

Energy usage

Metric value

17

Metric numerator

Number of LEED-certified sites

Metric denominator (intensity metric only)

% change from previous year

11

Direction of change

Decreased

Please explain

C10. Verification

C10.1

(C10.1) Indicate the verification/assurance status that applies to your reported emissions.

| | Verification/assurance status |
|--|--|
| Scope 1 | Third-party verification or assurance process in place |
| Scope 2 (location-based or market-based) | Third-party verification or assurance process in place |
| Scope 3 | Third-party verification or assurance process in place |

C10.1a

(C10.1a) Provide further details of the verification/assurance undertaken for your Scope 1 emissions, and attach the relevant statements.

Verification or assurance cycle in place

Annual process

Status in the current reporting year

Complete

Type of verification or assurance

Limited assurance

Attach the statement

2022 Abbott Assurance Statement.pdf

Page/ section reference

pages 1-3

Relevant standard

ISAE3000

Proportion of reported emissions verified (%)

100

(C10.1b) Provide further details of the verification/assurance undertaken for your Scope 2 emissions and attach the relevant statements.

Scope 2 approach

Scope 2 location-based

Verification or assurance cycle in place

Annual process

Status in the current reporting year

Complete

Type of verification or assurance

Limited assurance

Attach the statement

2022 Abbott Assurance Statement.pdf

Page/ section reference

pages 1-3

Relevant standard

ISAE3000

Proportion of reported emissions verified (%)

100

Scope 2 approach

Scope 2 market-based

Verification or assurance cycle in place

Annual process

Status in the current reporting year

Complete

Type of verification or assurance

Limited assurance

Attach the statement

2022 Abbott Assurance Statement.pdf

Page/ section reference

pages 1-3

Relevant standard

ISAE3000

Proportion of reported emissions verified (%)

100

C10.1c

(C10.1c) Provide further details of the verification/assurance undertaken for your Scope 3 emissions and attach the relevant statements.

Scope 3 category

Scope 3: Waste generated in operations

Verification or assurance cycle in place

Annual process

Status in the current reporting year

Complete

Type of verification or assurance

Limited assurance

Attach the statement

2022 Abbott Assurance Statement.pdf

Page/section reference

pages 1-3

Relevant standard

ISAE3000

Proportion of reported emissions verified (%)

0.1

Scope 3 category

Scope 3: Business travel

Verification or assurance cycle in place

Annual process

Status in the current reporting year

Complete

Type of verification or assurance

Limited assurance

Attach the statement

2022 Abbott Assurance Statement.pdf

Page/section reference

pages 1-3

Relevant standard

ISAE3000

Proportion of reported emissions verified (%)

2

C10.2

(C10.2) Do you verify any climate-related information reported in your CDP disclosure other than the emissions figures reported in C6.1, C6.3, and C6.5? No, we do not verify any other climate-related information reported in our CDP disclosure

C11. Carbon pricing

C11.1

(C11.1) Are any of your operations or activities regulated by a carbon pricing system (i.e. ETS, Cap & Trade or Carbon Tax)?

Yes

C11.1a

(C11.1a) Select the carbon pricing regulation(s) which impacts your operations.

EU ETS

Netherlands carbon tax

C11.1b

(C11.1b) Complete the following table for each of the emissions trading schemes you are regulated by.

EU ETS

% of Scope 1 emissions covered by the ETS

10

% of Scope 2 emissions covered by the ETS

Λ

Period start date

January 1 2022

Period end date

December 31 2022

Allowances allocated

16972

Allowances purchased

500

Verified Scope 1 emissions in metric tons CO2e

51447

Verified Scope 2 emissions in metric tons CO2e

0

Details of ownership

Facilities we own and operate

Comment

Permits are allocated each year. Sites' balance of allowances covered most of the required emissions in 2022. Additional allowances were purchased.

C11.1c

(C11.1c) Complete the following table for each of the tax systems you are regulated by.

Netherlands carbon tax

Period start date

January 1 2022

Period end date

December 31 2022

% of total Scope 1 emissions covered by tax

5

Total cost of tax paid

0

Comment

C11.1d

(C11.1d) What is your strategy for complying with the systems you are regulated by or anticipate being regulated by?

To achieve a healthier planet and operate as a responsible corporate citizen, Abbott remains committed to helping address climate-related issues by reducing energy consumption and air emissions in our direct operations and throughout our value chain. Our comprehensive management program for tracking and reducing energy and air emissions is outlined in our Energy Policy and Internal Energy Guidelines. Together, these detail our commitments and provide guidance on:

- Operational energy efficiency and reduced energy demands
- Purchase of renewable energy
- Electrification of industrial processes, spaces, and fleets
- Conversion to cleaner fuel options
- Integration of sustainable engineering technologies and concepts into projects
- Business and manufacturing site-specific carbon reduction goals (Manufacturing sites that produce over 25,000 metric tons of CO2e annually are required to set additional carbon reduction goals.)

Abbott's environmental governance and management systems are part of an integrated Environmental, Health and Safety (EHS) approach. Our long-term environmental strategy focuses on reducing and mitigating EHS risks, delivering cost efficiency, ensuring business continuity, and addressing our stakeholder's expectations to be a responsible and sustainable leader. This includes reducing our greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, water use and waste impacts.

Our EHS management and governance systems incorporate environmental focus within our day-to-day planning and business processes, with clear lines of accountability and senior-level leadership and support. To meet Abbott's 2030 environmental targets, each business unit sets and tracks progress towards individual environmental and energy goals on an annual basis. For example, sites take goals and have incentives to comply with Abbott technical standards and guidelines that require CO2 and water risk management for which they are tracked and audited. Managers closer to direct management of climate change issues will have more specific goals that may include actions to reduce CO2e emissions needed to meet Abbott's established public GHG reduction target.

To help ensure compliance with carbon pricing systems in which Abbott operates, we continue to execute our energy and emissions reduction strategies within our operations and across our value chain. If a site exceeds its emissions allocation within an emissions trading system, we may purchase emissions credits as needed.

C11.2

(C11.2) Has your organization canceled any project-based carbon credits within the reporting year?

C11.3

(C11.3) Does your organization use an internal price on carbon?

No, and we do not currently anticipate doing so in the next two years

C12. Engagement

C12.1

(C12.1) Do you engage with your value chain on climate-related issues?

Yes, our suppliers

Yes, other partners in the value chain

C12.1a

(C12.1a) Provide details of your climate-related supplier engagement strategy.

Type of engagement

Information collection (understanding supplier behavior)

Details of engagement

Please select

% of suppliers by number

0.2

% total procurement spend (direct and indirect)

20

% of supplier-related Scope 3 emissions as reported in C6.5

Rationale for the coverage of your engagement

Abbott has a scope 3 supplier engagement science-based target (SBT) committing that 82% of our suppliers by emissions covering purchased goods and services and upstream transportation and distribution will have SBTi approved targets by 2026. In addition, Abbott engages suppliers to reduce carbon emissions through various programs, including our manufacturing-site Zero Waste to Landfill Program, Sustainable Packaging, Waste Vendor Assessment Program, Chemicals of Environmental Concern & API Audit Program, and Animal Welfare in Dairy Program. For example, through engaging with our dairy suppliers to help ensure that dairy cattle have access to fresh water and shade, we increase milk production efficiency and lower the affiliated scope 3 emissions. More information about these different programs is available in our 2022 Global Sustainability Report.

Impact of engagement, including measures of success

As of 2022 year-end, 30% of our suppliers by emissions covering purchased goods and services and upstream transportation and distribution have SBTi approved science-based targets, with an additional 14% committing through the SBTi to adopt science-based targets. In addition, in 2022, a representative supplier sample of 159 suppliers, covering 29.0% of supplier spend, was engaged through Abbott's Supplier Sustainability Due Diligence Program to identify opportunities for carbon reductions across Abbott's value chain.

Comment

C12.1d

(C12.1d) Give details of your climate-related engagement strategy with other partners in the value chain.

Developing a Sustainability Strategy Based on ESG Priorities:

To build our 2030 Sustainability Plan, an in-depth, two-year planning process began with a detailed analysis of over 200 topics that were relevant to internal and external stakeholders, which we prioritized by impact to our long-term business strategy, enterprise risk management (ERM) process, and most important ESG topics. This included extensive research on potential issues that included engaging ratings and rankings organizations, peers, customers and competitors, tracking emerging issues, and consulting best practices from across different industries. We conducted more than 40 hours of interviews with 57 internal and external stakeholders to refine these topics down to seven areas of focus, including climate change and water. In 2022, we continued to engage internal and external stakeholders as we worked to define our 2030 goals, targets and KPIs, which will drive Abbott's future efforts in these areas.

Engaging Stakeholders:

Abbott is an active participant in the global dialogue on health and the broader role of business. We know that listening to our stakeholders is vital to our success. It enables us to respond with relevant, local solutions that meet people's changing needs and tackle the world's most important health challenges. Our stakeholder engagement is conducted formally through the many associations and partnerships of which we are members. We also seek to engage with stakeholders more informally through networks and organizations in which we participate. Example climate change related association participation and partnerships includes:

- The National Association for Environment, Health, Safety & Sustainability Management (NAEM). This organization works to empower corporate leaders to advance environmental stewardship, to help create safe and healthy workplaces, and promote global sustainability. As an active member, Abbott regularly presents and participates in NAEM conferences, in addition to serving on the Board of Regents.
- The Pharmaceutical Supply Chain Initiative (PSCI). Abbott was a founding member of this group of pharmaceutical and healthcare companies who share a common vision of better social and environmental outcomes in the communities we serve. Abbott recently rejoined this organization in order to foster greater collaboration across our supply chain around ESG issues, including climate change. Participating in this organization allows Abbott to engage with peers, suppliers and customers on these topics.
- World Resources Institute (WRI). Abbott is an active member of the WRI Corporate Consultative Group (CCG) which brings together over 30 Fortune 500 companies and the best minds in sustainability to advance business practices that mitigate risks and support sustainable growth. Through this Group, we engage external subject matter experts and industry leaders to help ensure that our climate and water strategies and management practices are developed with consideration for global trends and best practices.
- The World Business Council for Sustainable Development is a CEO-led organization of over 200 international companies working together to accelerate the transition to a sustainable world. Together, we are the leading voice of business for sustainability: united by our vision of a world where more than 9 billion people are all living well and within planetary boundaries, by 2050.

Across our key geographies, local teams regularly review stakeholder engagement strategies, ensuring alignment with Abbott's wider methodology. Local engagement outcomes are reported in country-level citizenship reports or at local forums. Additional information regarding stakeholder engagement, including routes to engagement, are included in our Global Sustainability Report.

C12.2

Yes, climate-related requirements are included in our supplier contracts

C12.2a

(C12.2a) Provide details of the climate-related requirements that suppliers have to meet as part of your organization's purchasing process and the compliance mechanisms in place.

Climate-related requirement

Complying with regulatory requirements

Description of this climate related requirement

Through the Abbott Supplier Guidelines, we detail our expectations that suppliers conduct business in compliance with relevant legal requirements and industry codes. When asked, suppliers are expected to demonstrate compliance at the request and to the satisfaction of Abbott through our Supplier Responsibility program. We expect suppliers to fully support the Guidelines, driving sustainability principles into their own supply chains, systems, and employee practices.

In addition, we embed social responsibility clauses in applicable procurement contracts detailing our values and expectation that vendors comply with our Supplier Guidelines and remediate identified issues.

Our Supplier Guidelines state that: "Suppliers shall operate in an environmentally responsible and efficient manner to minimize adverse impacts on the environment. Suppliers are expected to be transparent in their environmental management practices and to embed environmental management principles into their operations... Suppliers are expected, where possible, to undertake initiatives to promote greater environmental responsibility, conserve natural resources, avoid the use of hazardous materials, encourage the development and diffusion of environmentally friendly technologies and engage in activities that promote a circular economy approach."

Our Supplier Guidelines states concerns regarding unethical conduct or a potential conflict of interest should be reported through Abbott's Office of Ethics & Compliance.

% suppliers by procurement spend that have to comply with this climate-related requirement

% suppliers by procurement spend in compliance with this climate-related requirement

Mechanisms for monitoring compliance with this climate-related requirement

Supplier self-assessment
Off-site third-party verification
On-site third-party verification
Grievance mechanism/Whistleblowing hotline

Grievance mechanism/Whistleblowing notline

Supplier scorecard or rating

Response to supplier non-compliance with this climate-related requirement

Please select

C12.3

(C12.3) Does your organization engage in activities that could either directly or indirectly influence policy, law, or regulation that may impact the climate?

Row :

External engagement activities that could directly or indirectly influence policy, law, or regulation that may impact the climate

Yes, our membership of/engagement with trade associations could influence policy, law, or regulation that may impact the climate

Does your organization have a public commitment or position statement to conduct your engagement activities in line with the goals of the Paris Agreement? No, and we do not plan to have one in the next two years

Attach commitment or position statement(s)

<Not Applicable>

Describe the process(es) your organization has in place to ensure that your external engagement activities are consistent with your climate commitments and/or climate transition plan

The Public Policy Committee of the Abbott Board of Directors is responsible for oversight of Abbott's Government Affairs function and public policy issues that affect or could affect Abbott's business, performance, and public image, as well as reviewing and evaluating Abbott's governmental affairs and political participation, including advocacy priorities, political contributions, lobbying activities, and trade association memberships.

The Public Policy Committee also has responsibility for evaluating Abbott's sustainability and social responsibility practices and reviewing social, political, economic, and environmental trends. For additional information regarding Abbott's Public Policy Committee, please refer to the Committee's charter.

Abbott's direct advocacy efforts are under the direction of the Vice President of Government Affairs. Abbott pursues activities to shape policies that impact the company, and benefit the people who need our products, with a focus on improving access to new medical advances, and helping people live fuller, healthier lives. Abbott is a member of various industry and trade associations that engage in political activity to shape policy, law, or regulation that may impact water. Each year, the Government Affairs function, under the direction of the Vice President of Government Affairs, assesses our participation in industry and trade associations. Abbott's participation as a member of these various associations comes with the understanding that we may not always agree with the positions of the larger organization and/or other members. We raise our concerns, as needed and as appropriate, on issues that we believe are important to us and our stakeholders

The Public Policy Committee reviews an annual report of our major trade association memberships, the number of dues, and the amount used for lobbying.

Primary reason for not engaging in activities that could directly or indirectly influence policy, law, or regulation that may impact the climate <Not Applicable>

Explain why your organization does not engage in activities that could directly or indirectly influence policy, law, or regulation that may impact the climate <Not Applicable>

(C12.3b) Provide details of the trade associations your organization is a member of, or engages with, which are likely to take a position on any policy, law or regulation that may impact the climate.

Trade association

Other, please specify (Abbott participates as a member of various industry and trade associations. This participation comes with the understanding that we may not agree with their positions. We raise concerns, as needed, on issues are important to us and our stakeholders.)

Is your organization's position on climate change policy consistent with theirs?

Has your organization attempted to influence their position in the reporting year?

Please select

Describe how your organization's position is consistent with or differs from the trade association's position, and any actions taken to influence their position <Not Applicable>

Funding figure your organization provided to this trade association in the reporting year (currency as selected in C0.4)

Describe the aim of your organization's funding

<Not Applicable>

Have you evaluated whether your organization's engagement with this trade association is aligned with the goals of the Paris Agreement?

Please select

C12.4

(C12.4) Have you published information about your organization's response to climate change and GHG emissions performance for this reporting year in places other than in your CDP response? If so, please attach the publication(s).

Publication

In voluntary sustainability report

Status

Complete

Attach the document

Page/Section reference

Details on our organization's response to climate change and GHG emissions performance are on pages 50-55, 98-108, 133-135, 141, and 143-144.

Content elements

Governance

Strategy

Risks & opportunities

Emissions figures

Emission targets

Other metrics

Comment

Abbott's 2022 Global Sustainability Report is over 30MB, so cannot be attached above, it is available on Abbott's Public Website at:

https://www.abbott.com/responsibility/sustainability/sustainability-reporting/current-reports.html

Publication

Other, please specify (Energy Policy)

Status

Complete

Attach the document

energy_policy.pdf

Page/Section reference

All pages.

Content elements

Governance

Strategy

Comment

Available on Abbott's Public Website at: https://www.abbott.com/policies/environmental.html

Publication

In mainstream reports

Status

Complete

Attach the document

2023 Proxy - Abbott.pdf

Page/Section reference

Abbott's 2023 Proxy Statement details our leadership's oversight and compensation link to sustainability on pages 4, 6,8, 10, 17,20-21, 23, 28, 35-36.

Content elements

Governance

Comment

Abbott's 2023 Proxy Statement details our leadership's compensation link to sustainability and is also available on Abbott's Public Website at:

https://www.abbottinvestor.com/static-files/e11f028e-dc86-4c33-8ca1-2817f35d6f84

C12.5

(C12.5) Indicate the collaborative frameworks, initiatives and/or commitments related to environmental issues for which you are a signatory/member.

| | Environmental collaborative framework, initiative and/or commitment | Describe your organization's role within each framework, initiative and/or commitment |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | Initiative (GRI) Community Member | In September 2022, the Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) has approved Abbott's near-term science-based emissions reduction targets and has classified our scope 1 and 2 target ambition as in line with a well-below 2°C trajectory. Likewise, Abbott sought to prepare the 2022 sustainability report in reference to the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) 2021 Standards. Abbott is a WBCSD member company (Abbott Laboratories - World Business Council for Sustainable Development (WBCSD)). Abbott discloses climate-related risks and opportunities annually in the Global Sustainability Report using the TCFD framework. |

C15. Biodiversity

C15.1

(C15.1) Is there board-level oversight and/or executive management-level responsibility for biodiversity-related issues within your organization?

| | Board-level oversight and/or executive management-level responsibility for biodiversity-related issues | , | Scope of board-level oversight |
|----------|--|---|--------------------------------|
| Row 1 | Please select | <not applicable=""></not> | <not applicable=""></not> |

C15.2

(C15.2) Has your organization made a public commitment and/or endorsed any initiatives related to biodiversity?

| | | Indicate whether your organization made a public commitment or endorsed any initiatives related to biodiversity | Biodiversity-related public commitments | Initiatives endorsed |
|---|-------|---|---|---------------------------|
| F | Row 1 | Please select | <not applicable=""></not> | <not applicable=""></not> |

C15.3

(C15.3) Does your organization assess the impacts and dependencies of its value chain on biodiversity?

Impacts on biodiversity

Indicate whether your organization undertakes this type of assessment

Please select

Value chain stage(s) covered

<Not Applicable>

Portfolio activity

<Not Applicable>

Tools and methods to assess impacts and/or dependencies on biodiversity

<Not Applicable>

Please explain how the tools and methods are implemented and provide an indication of the associated outcome(s)

<Not Applicable>

Dependencies on biodiversity

Indicate whether your organization undertakes this type of assessment

Please select

Value chain stage(s) covered

<Not Applicable>

Portfolio activity

<Not Applicable>

Tools and methods to assess impacts and/or dependencies on biodiversity

<Not Applicable>

Please explain how the tools and methods are implemented and provide an indication of the associated outcome(s)

<Not Applicable>

C15.4

(C15.4) Does your organization have activities located in or near to biodiversity- sensitive areas in the reporting year? Please select

C15.5

(C15.5) What actions has your organization taken in the reporting year to progress your biodiversity-related commitments?

| Have you taken any actions in the reporting period to progress your biodiversity-related commitments? | | Type of action taken to progress biodiversity- related commitments | |
|---|---------------|--|--|
| Row 1 | Please select | <not applicable=""></not> | |

C15.6

(C15.6) Does your organization use biodiversity indicators to monitor performance across its activities?

| | Does your organization use indicators to monitor biodiversity performance? | Indicators used to monitor biodiversity performance |
|-------|--|---|
| Row 1 | Please select | Please select |

C15.7

(C15.7) Have you published information about your organization's response to biodiversity-related issues for this reporting year in places other than in your CDP response? If so, please attach the publication(s).

| Report type | Content elements | Attach the document and indicate where in the document the relevant biodiversity information is located |
|--|-------------------------|---|
| In voluntary sustainability report or other voluntary communications | Impacts on biodiversity | Abbott 2022 Global Sustainability Report, (Environmental and Ecosystem Protection) & (Agriculture and Deforestation). |

C16. Signoff

C-FI

(C-FI) Use this field to provide any additional information or context that you feel is relevant to your organization's response. Please note that this field is optional and is not scored.

C16.1

 $({\tt C16.1})\ Provide\ details\ for\ the\ person\ that\ has\ signed\ off\ (approved)\ your\ {\tt CDP\ climate\ change\ response}.$

| | Job title | Corresponding job category |
|-------|---|----------------------------|
| Row 1 | Senior Vice President, Quality Assurance, Regulatory and Engineering Services | Other C-Suite Officer |

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Submit your response

In which language are you submitting your response?

English

Please confirm how your response should be handled by CDP

| | I understand that my response will be shared with all requesting stakeholders | Response permission |
|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------|
| Please select your submission options | Yes | Public |

Please confirm below

I have read and accept the applicable Terms

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